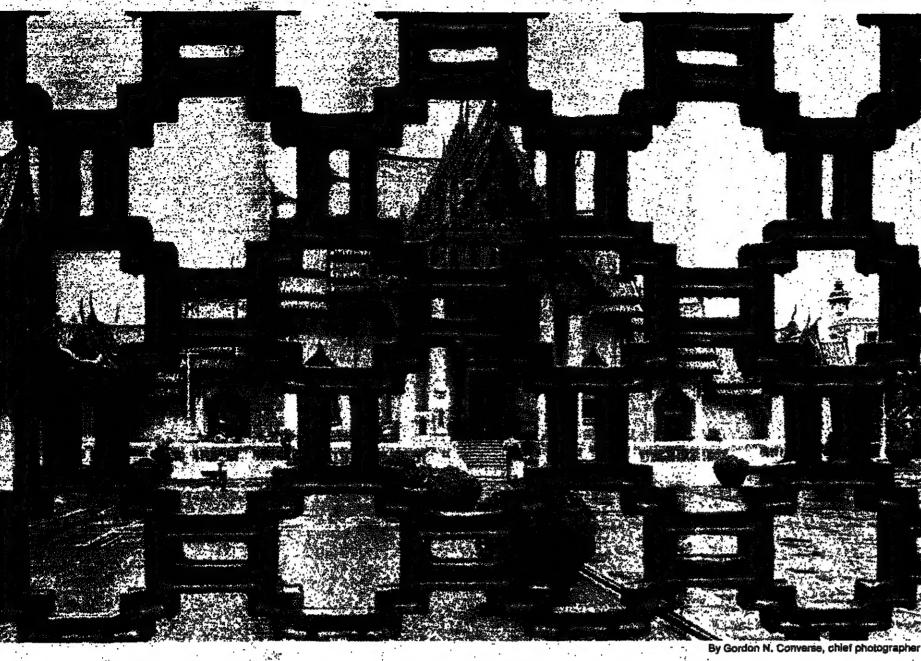
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1975

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

INTERNATIONAL EDITION 6P 15¢ ELSEWHERE



The Royal Palace—into the background as Thailand forges a new democracy

Thais vote middle of road, pointing to coalition

By Daniel Southerland Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

HENDER BURNE

RANGE

en Li

Bangirok, Thailand

What some observers consider to have been Thailand's freest and fairest national election has ended on an indecisive note, with a middle-of-theroad political party leading the field

No single party received anything close to an absolute majority of votes in Sunday's election, and a new government will have to emerge from a coalition of parties. What form such a coalition might take is not yet clear and will depend on a good deal of

The all-America

By Nora E. Taylor

From Atlantic to Pacific, there's a

U.S. population explosion in African

violets. And one reason for the prolife-

ration is Rose Benke of Aurora, Ill.

Singlehandedly she grows and sells

She began with one plant given to

her some 40 years ago. Fascinated by

what was then a relative unknown

among houseplants, she worked with

African violets as a hobby. It was a.

Not all AV growers wade that

deeply into a violet sea. But anyone

who starts with one plant somehow

finds it necessary to acquire more.

Many who cultivate and sell AVs

Florence Garrity, chairman of the

1975 national convention of African

violet growers, remarked she

"wouldn't dare to estimate how many

AV plants there might be in U.S.

Among the members of the 30-year-

old, Tennessee-based African Violet

Society of America alone, many en-

thusiasts have well over 100 plants:

each. At a recent Massachusetts show

where "some 5,000 people toured the

exhibition." Miss Garrity says, "be-

tween 2,500 and 3,000 baby plants

were sold," mostly to nonclub mem-

And at last count, at the end of 1974

there were 374 local African violet

societies scattered throughout the

United States, Canada, Australia, the

Bahamas, and even one in Africa. All

of their members, too, count their

★Please turn to Page 4

plants in double digits — at least.

April get-together

today began as Mrs. Benke did.

100 plants each

homes."

hobby that took over her life.

20.000 violets a year.

African violet

behind-the-scenes bargaining over the next few days.

But it is clear that many of the former members of Parliament who had supported Thatland's old military regime did not do as well in the election as many observers or they themselves experted they would do.

The fittidle-of-the-road Democrat Party sings bed by some observers as right of center, and some small leftist parties did better than expected. Final returns show the Democrats to have won 72 seats in the 269member House of Representatives, putting them far out in front of all the other parties competing in the electhe Social Justice Party, a conservative party enjoying considerable support from former military and police

Although money obviously played a role in securing votes, it was not always the surest way to victory. The leader of the Social Justice Party. self-made millionaire named Tavich Klinpratoom, ran one of the most heavily financed election campaigns and was expected to win a House of Representatives seat with the greatest of ease. Some considered him a possible choice for prime minister. But Mr. Tavich was defeated in one of the biggest upsets of the election."

The Democrat Party, led by former prime minister Sent Pramoj, seems to have done well partly because of the diligence of its campaign workers and partly because it was a known entity among the bewildering plethora of 42 political parties competing in the election - most of them formed since the overthrow of Field Marshal Thanom Kittikachorn's military regime "in October, 1975

ote for tamulai

Faced with such a wide array of choices, many voters apparently felt most comfortable voting for something familiar.

★Piease turn to Page 4

Israeli oil findings unsettle Mideast

Hints of vast reserves in Arab West Bank may change Israel's intent to yield occupied area

By John K. Cooley Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Amman, Jordan The possibility of a major oil strike near Ramallah in the Israeli-occupied West Bank of the Jordan River adds a potentially explosive new difficulty in Mideast peace efforts, according to high advisers of King Hussein of

The news is especially bitter for Jordan because foreign oil firms prospecting on the West Bank before the Israelis captured it in 1967 failed to bring up oil in commercial quan-

King Hussein has complied with a decision by last October's Arab summit conference in Rabat to allow the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) to assume responsibility for obtaining the return of the West Bank.

Prospects of a strike

Israeli Radio quoted members of an Israeli oil exploration team Jan. 27 as saying tests showed good prospects of a strike in the Ramallah area, which might reveal crude oil reserves of 7 billion barrels.

That makes about 7 billion more reasons why the Israelis will never want to give up the West Bank, one Jordanian official commented wryly.

Such a quantity of oil could supply Israel with 100 times its current annual needs, Israeli radio said. Israel now gets 55 percent of its oil from the Abu Rudeis wells in Sinai captured from Egypt in the 1967 war. Most of the remainder is imported from Iran.

Though prospecting began in Jor-dan in 1947, this country still produces virtually no crude oil and must import its oil, mainly from the Arabian-American Oil Company (ARAMCO) by pipeline from Saudi Arabia.

The Ramallah area now explored by Israel was part of a concession granted to Edwin W. Pauley of the United States by the Jordanian Government in 1955, official Jordanian Government records show.

In 1958 Mr. Pauley formed a nership with Phillips of the U.S. for exploration of a large 55-year concession. A well called Ramallah I was drilled in the area of present Israeli

Jordan's National Resources Au-

thority (NRA) says the well was terminated at a depth of 3,169 meters (more than 9,000 feet) because of limited rig capacity but not before many oil and gas shows were

Israeli radio said the present Israeli team had drilled to 4,500 meters and hopes to find oil between 6,000 and 7.000 meters.

The Ramallah well is the only one in eastern or western Jordan for which the official Jordanian report mentions many oil and gas shows.

The Pauley-Phillips concession was terminated in 1961.

Since the 1967 war, John Mecom, the Yugoslav firm of Ina Zaghreb, and Desco Investments of Toronto, Canada, have held exploration permits for eastern Jordan areas.

The Desco contract was terminated in 1973 because the firm had financial

difficulties, NRA says. Several other Western firms now are negotiating for prospecting rights in eastern Jordan.

Why aid to Israel jars mid-level planners

State, Defense staffs differ with bosses

> By Dana Adams Schmidt Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Middle-level officials in the State and Defense Departments in Washington are opposed to top-level United States decisions to rearm Israel weaponry. The opposition comes from the

topmost military and technical committees, which make recommendations to Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger and Secretary of Defense James Schlesinger. These committees in both depart-

ments almost uniformly come up with 'no' to Israeli requests for larger and quicker deliveries, according to one informant.

With similar uniformity they are overruled by "yes" from the secretaries, the White House, and behind them, the committees of Congress.

It looks as though the new more liberal Congress would be, if anything, more unstinting in its support of Israel's wants.

Advanced weaponry

The differences of late have been concerned more with the advanced character of weapons sought by the Israelis than with the quantities of tanks, artillery, and other conventional weapons.

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Ford pressured to justify 'inflationary' energy package

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Washington As eight Northeastern states take President Ford to court to bar tariffs

on imported oil, demands grow that the White House justify inflationary aspects of its energy policy. The White House concedes that Mr. Ford's program - a \$3-a-barrel tariff on imported oil, equivalent levies on domestic oil and natural gas, and

unfreezing the price of "old" oil -

would add at least two percentage

points to the consumer price index. The entire [Ford] energy package," says Treasury Secretary William E. Simon, "is expected to cause a one-time increase in the price indexes of approximately 2 percent. This estimate combines the direct and 'ripple' effects of the entire \$30

billion . . . package." The ripple (the raising of prices to the consumer) effect of higher oil prices, estimates a new Library of Congress study, will total \$50.3 billion in 1975 - \$20 billion more than Mr. Simon's estimate. This, according to the study, could perpetuate the present 12-percent inflation rate.

Main culprit

Meanwhile, reports the Department of Commerce, the U.S. chalked up a \$3 billion foreign trade deficit in 1974, second largest deficit on record, exceeded only by the \$6.4 billion shortfall of 1972.

The soaring price of oil was the main culprit, says the Commerce Department: Americans paid \$24.6 billion for imported petroleum in 1974, against \$7.8 billion the year before. Volume imports of oil actually dropped 3.4 percent last year, but the price trebled.

Had oil prices remained at their 1973 level, the U.S. would have achieved a huge trade surplus, according to government officials, for exports of American farm and manufactured goods boomed during 1974.

Eight states, meanwhile - Massachusetts, Maine, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Vermont, New Jersey,

asked the federal district court in Washington to declare Mr. Ford's tariff measures 'fllegal," liable to cause "grave and irreparable injury to the economies, environments, and state government operations and pro-

Plea rejected

grams" of those states.

Only New Hampshire, among New England states, failed to join the suit. whose terms were drawn up by Massachusetts Attorney General Francis X. Bellotti.

Late last week President Ford rejected a plea by New England governors to forgo the tariff, but the White House says it will give special help to the Northeastern states. How-

★Please turn to Page 4

By John Dillin Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Hydrogen seen as airline fuel

The year: 1995. The place: a major U.S. airport. Passengers are

boarding a jet airliner that looks like the airplanes of today. But there is a major difference. The airplane is fueled by liquid hydrogen. Today's aircraft designers, worried by the energy crisis, are hunting for new, plentiful fuels that can replace petroleum. Right now, they

say, liquid hydrogen looks like the answer. Hydrogen could be the biggest thing to happen to the aircraft industry in decades, says G. Daniel Brewer, manager for liquid hydrogen studies at Lockheed-California. It could assure adequate fuel

supplies into the 21st century and beyond. But first, hydrogen will have to overcome its adverse public image. Mentioning hydrogen to an air-traveler is like shouting "fire" in a dynamite factory. In 1937, the hydrogen-filled zeppelin Hindenburg exploded at Lakehurst, N.J., stamping hydrogen as the parish of air

travel. However, today's technology can make hydrogen as safe - perhaps even safer - than petroleum-based fuels, says Mr. Brewer.

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Socialists vs. Communists in Portugal

Socialists stick with democracy despite setback

By Geoffrey Godsell Overseas news editor of The Christian Science Monitor

The Portuguese Socialists, committed to parliamentary democracy, are standing their ground in the face of continuing efforts by the Communists to get an unshakable grip on the country before elections later this

The central committee of the Socialist Party (PSP) has endorsed the decision of the two Socialist ministers - Mario Soares and Francisco Salgado Senha - to remain in the Cabinet despite their being initially outmaneuvered by the Communists on passage of a controversial tradeunion law. The PSP argument is that to resign would be to leave the field to the Communists.

Less than 24 hours after the PSP committee's decision on remaining in the Cabinet, Mr. Soares — leader of the party and Portugal's Foreign



Soares: for democracy

Minister - was speaking out against extremism. He called a news conference and said: "If the people continue to follow extremist solutions, or gotoward extremist dictatorship, there is a risk of economic blockade, civil

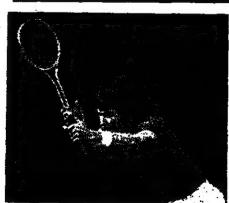
war, and even possible foreign inter-Parley disrupted His remarks came hot on the heels

of violence that managed to disrupt the first national congress of the conservative Center Democratic Party (CDS) in Oporto over the weekend. (The CDS is the equivalent of the Christian Democratic Parties - albeit to the right of them - in other European countries.) The Portuguese Communist Party (PC) disclaimed any connection with the violence in Oporto; but it clearly came from the extreme left, and demonstrators shouted 'Death to the fas-

The Communists have one seat in the Cabinet to the Socialists' two. (This represents roughly their relative appeal to Portuguese public opinion.) The Communist seat is held by Alvaro Cunha, the party leader, who is Minister without Portfolio. In the vote on the controversial trade-union law - which sets up a single national trade-union organization, tailored to be Communist-controlled - Mr.

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Inside today...



Connors vs. Laver: a tennis extravaganza

Second income: make money at home

Furniture costs up: what about value?

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Elma Lewis: powerhouse of black culture

Financiai **Editorials** **Home Forum** Travel Crossword

By Robert P. Hey Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Next steps in the probing of activities of the CIA, FBI, and other U.S. intelligence agencies come on two

 Hearings by a presidential commission into CIA actions continue behind closed doors in Vice-President Nelson A. Rockefeller's conference room, in the venerable stone Executive Office Building.

These deal solely with the CIA, and are to be completed by April 1. And, says commission chairman Rockefeller, they probably will find the CIA in fact did violate its charter and engage in some domestic spying on Amer-

 At the other end of Pennsylvania Avenue, the Senate moves forward with its own probe — an 11-member Watergate-style committee empowered to look into activities of all intelligence agencies, including CIA, FBI, and the Defense Intelligence Agency. This investigation is to last until September. At this writing the full Senate was poised to give its anticipated approval to the com-

Names withheld

The Senate committee was expected to begin gearing up for its hearings as soon as Senate Majority leader Mike Mansfield publicly named its six Democratic members. Monday morning their identity remained a wellguarded secret; Senator Mansfield said he would not reveal them until the completion of the Senate vote later in the day to establish the

committee. The five Republican members already were known: Sens. Barry Goldwater, John G. Tower, Charles McC. Mathias Jr., Howard H. Baker Jr., and Richard S. Schweiker.

Early expectation is that much of the Senate probe, like the presidential commission's, will be held in secret. Senator Baker says he is hopeful the committee ultimately will hold a few weeks of public hearings, so it can make known whatever information may be publicly released.

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Here's how it works:

U.S. mayors court home builders' group

Real estate editor of The Christian Science Monitor

U.S. mayors are out to upgrade

housing all over urban America. So they are courting the National

Association of Rome Builders, with 77,000 members from coast to coast. So far, the builders are noncommittal. In an unprecedented appearance

before the NAHB at its 31st annual convention in Dallas last week, the legislative action committee of the U.S. Conference of Mayors urged home builders to look to the cities instead of focusing almost entirely on

The meeting here with the home builders is the first in a series planned this year by the mayors to round up allies in their drive for new and rehabilitated housing in cities.

Home builders aren't the best prospects. Historically they have deserted the city for richer pastures beyond the urban fringe where land is cheaper and easier to round up, politics less onerous, and the cost of driving a nail

Build vs. remodel

Home builders would rather build new housing than renovate dilapidated shells which pockmark many inner cities. The mayors want to change all that.

What annoys the mayors - and the home builders, as well - is that President Ford, in his State of the Union message earlier this month, didn't mention the housing slump or outline a strategy to pry it out of its

"This failure to offer any program which could prime the housing-industry pump cannot be ignored," said Mayor Richard Hatcher of Gary,

The city chiefs get the feeling that housing is still on the back burner, despite the move announced here by Secretary of Housing and Urban Development James T. Lynn to funnel more low-interest money into the mortgage hopper through the Government National Mortage Association.

Further, the federal government has released \$900 million in direct rental aid to low-income families under the new Section 8 program of the Housing Act of 1974.

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Still "the federal government has failed us," asserts Mayor Hatcher.

Underscoring the plight of the cities is the demolition of some 4,000 housing units a year in Cleveland because of vandalism and the general disrepair of the units, according to Mayor Ralph Perk. Other cities are in the same boat.

Multifarmily housing starts are down a shattering 88 percent from their peak in 1972, while single-family starts, largely in the suburbs, are down 44 percent.

Mayor Kenneth A. Gibson of Newark, N.J., called for a new federal priority for rehabilitation because "it is cheaper, faster than new construction, and causes less upheaval and displacement of families than new construction and demolition."

Needs estimated

The Mayor says Newark needs at least 12,000 units of low-income housing plus 6,000 moderate-income units.

"As land becomes scarcer in outlying areas, and the need becomes greater to conserve all our raw materials, we can no longer afford to abandon buildings that are still sound in our cities," continued Mayor Gibson, who has been Newark's Mayor since 1970, "Instead, we must recycle this housing to meet our housing

Mayor West Wise of Dallas added that "revitalizing of housing in the city could revitalize the economy of the country."

Argument flares in five states lacking them Mansions for governors?

Staff correspondent of

The Christian Science Monitor

Los Angeles

Should a state in the U.S. provide its governor and family a place to live? Most states do - 45. But in the 5 that don't, the issue is becoming increasingly contoversial. And in California, where one mansion has been abandoned and another is under construction, the issue has escalated into a toplevel debate.

The "governor's house" or "executive mansion" long has been thought to be a necessity for gracious living for state chief executives and their families as well as an elegant hosting place for official receptions and par-

But now, this executive residence is viewed by some as an extravagance, a costly "white elephant" or even in one case an outdated "Taj Mahal."

Further delay looms

Arizona, Oregon, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Vermont do not provide their governors official homes. And spokesmen in these states point out that despite some legislative thrusts in this direction, inflation, high building costs, and budgetary belt-tightening now are likely to stymie construction indefinitely.

Also, the changing life-styles of some new governors are not fitted to such grandiose lodging as provided in executive mansions.

For example, California's bachelor

chief executive, Edmund G. Brown Jr. could have a governor's mansion. But he doesn't want one. He would prefer to live in an apartment - with less fanfare, little pomp and ceremony, and, he stresses, at a lower cost to the taxpayers.

Dukakis opposes house

Massachusetts Gov. Michael S. Dukakis, who took office recently also doesn't want a governor's house. "It's not his style," a close aide confides. Mr. Dukakis lives in a duplex in Brookline, a suburb close to the Boston capitol.

As most of his fellow governors across the U.S., he's concerned with a large budgetary deficit.

If a move were afoot to provide him with an offical residence, would be oppose it? The Massachusetts chief executive was unavailable for comment. "But if anything (along these lines) did begin to cook, it would be quickly put out," the side assures.

Governor Brown apparently is too late to "put out" what is cooking in terms of a new governor's mansion here in California. Almost \$500,000 already has been invested in an 11acre, six-bedroom gubernatorial estate - perched high on a bluff overlooking the Sacramento River. The project, prodded by recently retired Gov. Ronald Reagan will ultimately cost \$1.8 million.

Reagans left mansion

The Reagans moved out of a 95-year old Victorian mansion provided for

office in 1987. They considered it a firetrap.

Mr. Brown didn't care much for the old mansion either. He lived there he awhile as a youngster when he father, Edmund G. Brown Sr. was Governor of California. However, he does confide that his interest in politics was sparked by conversations he overheard from his upstairs bedroom when he was supposed to be

studying. As far as the new mansion is concerned, Mr. Brown was against h

from the start. But now he says he won't interfere with its completion. Construction ponaities could cost the state up to a h million if the project was scrubbed And Mr. Brown admits that some tuture governor may prefer a man-

It could be rented

What about the half-completed gov. ernor's mansion? It could be rented house state offices, or used as a conference center.

Other "mansion-less" governors have diminishing enthusiasm about official state residences - particularly when they balance costs of construction and upkeep sgaint other state needs.

Among them, newly elected Oregon Gov. Robert W. Straub, who now commutes to work form his West Salem farm. Mr. Straub gets a \$1.00 a year entertainment allowance.

Polish property tax to hit wealthiest

The Polish Government unveiled details of a property tax to be levied on people considered to have amaged wealth out of proportion to their contribution to society.

The tax, which will apparently hit those in private enterprise hardest, will be calculated on such property as : huxury houses, yackts, and foreign cars. It should affect up to 20,000

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Population control tied to standard of living

By David F. Salisbury Staff writer of The Christian Science Monitor

New York Which is the best way to prevent soaring birth rates in hungry nations

Refusing to give more food aid until birth-control programs are more effective? Or increasing the overall standard of living for the poorest segments of the population?

abroad?

Those who hold the first viewincluding many Monitor readers who replied to a recent questionnaire on ways to solve world hunger (Jan. 22)

- say that more U.S. food aid would be wasted without better hirth-control programs.

Some scientists, interviewed here at the annual meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS), take the second

"Unless you raise the standard of living to a threshold where parents can expect their children to live they are going to continue to have large numbers of children," says noted anthropologist Dr. Margaret

Birth-control programs alone cannot stabilize world population, says Dr. Roger Revelle, director of Harvard University's Program of Population Studies. India spends more money than the rest of the world on family-planning programs, he says, but with only limited success. Dr. Revelle points out that a dozen

countries around the world have birthrates that are dropping, but in all cases this is because the living conditions are improving for the bottom 40 percent of the population. Dr. Mead is impatient with "Amer-

ican myths" about food and population. One of these myths is the "sacred cow" argument: Why should we send food to India when they feed their cows and don't use them for

The cows are fed on grass cuttings, says Dr. Mead, cow dung is a valuable source of fuel for fires and cattle provide the muscle for plowing fields and pulling carts.

New myth develops

Now Dr. Mead is worried that a second myth is in the making. Do not have an atomic bomb.

Drs. Mead and Revelle make a plea for changing the aspirations of the people of the developing nations. This is both humanitarian and based on the fact, the two say, that some people are willing to make greater sacrifices to defend something they have rather than gain something they do not.

Backing up this view are recent anthropological studies on fertility. For instance, Dr. A. Roberto Frisancho of the University of Michigan

has found that increasing the life expectancy of children may act as a natural control of fertility.

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Canada to try paying wages to prisoners

New factory behind prison walls will let inmates earn their keep and save, too

> By Don Sellar Special to The Christian Science Monitor

A select group of Canadian prison inmates soon will join the country's labor force.

e Fire area and are in Art in our

About 80 medium-security prisoners at Joyceville Penitentiary in southern Ontario will begin earning \$2.20 an hour as factory workers later this year.

They will construct metal office furniture for federal government use, and receive the minimum wage for their labors.

The work will be performed behind prison walls, in a factory being built for the experimental program. Canadian Penttentiary Service officials are hopeful the pilot project can gradually be expanded to other fed-

eral prisons around the country

Current wages low war as a series

At present, Canada's 8,900 federal inmates are eligible to earn between 70 cents and \$1 a day for a wide variety of tasks, ranging from the manufacture of mailbags to playground equipment. But under the new factory program, they will have a chance to earn up to \$4,576 a year, most of which would be banked for

Like any other member of the work force, a convict employed at the Joyceville factory will have deductions from his paycheck for unemployment insurance, medicare, and pension payments. And taxes, of

Prisoners will be charged room and board for their cells, at rates which likely will approach \$100 a month:

Place of work, not leisure

Inmate workers will be allowed to keep only a small canteen allowance from their pay envelopes, and their

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families will have access to their bank

The government official responsible for penitentiaries, Solicitor-General Warren Allmand, hopes the program will be successful in converting his institutions into places of work rather than havens of leisure. His predecessor at the job was fond of complaining about the "atmosphere of laziness" which pervades federal penal institutions.

Two years ago, about 20 inmates at a British Columbia prison were put to work at minimum-wage rates on a vocational training center at the institution. That experience proved successful enough that the federal Cabinet has authorized the Joyceville experiment: an actual factory operation on prison premises.

\$25 million in contracts

Mr. Allmand has indicated that if all goes well, some \$25 million worth of government equipment contracts could be placed in prison workshops

There is a noticeable reluctance among federal prison officials to engage in too much competition with private enterprise - a feeling that the factory program could produce a

The Joyceville experiment thus far has not drawn much negative comment, although the earlier project was ridiculed by some editorial writers who think prison life is too

Still, the prospect of minimumwage living - at roughly the poverty line - may not generate much enthusiasm among inmates who already get their cells and meals for free.

The thoughtful

VALENTINE

French sell arms, Western trade increases

Iraq loosens dependency on Soviet bloc

By Dans Adams Schmidt Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Washington The mysterious two-track nature of the government of Iraq is illustrated

by its latest moves. According to information reaching the State Department, Iraq has concluded two major arms deals - one with the Soviet Union, the other with France. The first could have been expected, for the Soviets have been Iraq's main arms supplier since the overthrow of the monarchy in Baghdad in 1968. But the second is a big surprise since it represents a major break from dependence on the Soviet

Under the new agreement with Moscow, the Soviets will send Iraq artillery and aircraft on an imprecedented scale. Under the deal with France Iraq will get tanks and armored vehicles.

Negotiations interrupted

Meanwhile, Iraq and its neighbor Iran have broken off the negotiations aimed at settling their differences. The talks have been going on intermittently in Istanbul, Turkey.

Iraq resents Iranian aid to the Kurdish rebels, and collapse of the negotiations might well lead to an intensification of the Kurdish war.

What do these developments mean in terms of the orientation of Iraq between East and West? Who is pro-Western and who is pro-Soviet in Iraq's inner circle? Are there signs of a split between the Army and the ruling Baath (Arab socialist) Party, a split that would cut across the armed forces and set the Beath Party against the Communist Party, with which it now is in uneasy alliance?

Difficult questions

Such questions are hard to answer, partly because it is difficult for

Western journalists to get visas to go to Iraq and once there they find information hard to get. The highest level of Traci officials are rarely accessible.

Nonetheless, this correspondent picked up some hints during a visit to Iraq last fall and inquiries in Washington and Iran since then.

An important break in the orientation of the Iraqi Government occurred in January of last year when Sadam Hussam Takriti, one of the most powerful though not the highestranking official in Iraq, told a Baath Party congress that Iraq should henceforth follow a pragmatic economic policy.

Restricted contacts

Until that time Iraq had restricted its economic contacts largely to the Communist-bloc countries. With rising oil prices promising Iraq an annual income of \$5 billion or \$6 billion, the signal was now given that Iraq intended to reach out to satisfy its needs in Western technology and consumer goods.

Iraqi trade with the West has since then moved to boom levels, with a 1974-75 target of \$3.8 billion in imports, which could be exceeded now that the French arms deal has gone through. The United States share has zoomed from 3 percent to 10 percent of total imports, and American contractors are being cut in on major engineering projects such as construction of a pipeline between Umm

Qasr, the partly Soviet-built Persian Gulf port, and Khor al Khaffji which is to be the new outlet for Iraqi oil on the gulf.

Influence expected

Some Western diplomats argue that so much economic contact with the West must rub off politically. And close observers of the regime do find evidence of differences with the Russians who have, it is said, expressed annoyance at Iraq's sudden plunge into economic association with the West and at restrictions placed on Soviet naval use of the port of Umm Qasr. But most important, the Russians are said to be indignant about the Iraqi deal with France and to have reneatedly advised the Iragis to taper off their war with the Kurds.

Other power

Vice-President Takriti, who appears to be willing to risk Soviet displeasure, is also the man who persists in trying to subdue the Kurds

and in defying Iran. The other powerful man in the

Revolutionary Command Council, the country top political body, is fraqi President Ahmad Hassan al-Bakr.

Could President Bakr and the Army, some of whose generals are said to feel that the Kurdish campaign is a "no win" effort, now turn against Sadam Hussain Takriti? Would they have the support of the Communists who are said also to oppose continuing the Kurdish war?

Is it possible, on the other hand, that Mr. Takriti will turn the Baath Party against the Communists in a renewal of the purge that decimated the Communists in 1963? Some Communists have voiced fears that this could

Yet other experts on the area feel that Mr. Takriti and President Bakr, who have shown great adaptability in holding on to power, will stick together to ride out the conflicts with their internal and external foes and the puzzling nature of their pro-Soviet and pro-Western policies. 228 St. 37, 373

(Last in a series of four articles on Iraq and the Kurdish war).

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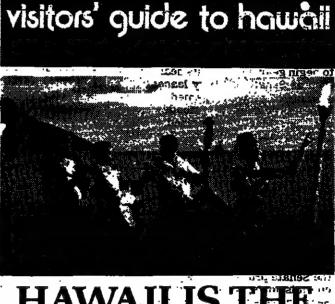
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Monitor



Inside the news-briefly

FROM MONITOR CORRESPONDENTS AROUND THE WORLD

Ford called insensitive to public reaction

President Ford and his advisers are making decisions about energy, inflation, and recession with only guesswork about how the American people will respond.



Dr. Margaret Mead

This charge was leveled by Dr. Margaret Mead, noted anthropologist and president of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. She explained that she has approached many people in government, suggesting that methods used in the human sciences could gain this type of information. But she has found what she calls "a total lack of receptivity," writes David Salisbury, Monitor science correspondent.

Dr. Mead contrasts this to World War ii, when social scientists played an active part in the war effort. For instance, they determined that the American people were not willing to let the Europeans and Japanese starve

Mr. Ford's statement that the American people will not accept rationing flies in the face of everything we know about the character of the American people, she said. They are willing to do almost anything, as long as they are sure that everyone else is doing it too.

However, these views of the American people are based on the experience from World War-It, and it is possible that changes have taken place since then, she notes.

Clark bill seeks social-security reform Washington

A bill to reform social-security laws and extend the wage base for the social-security tax to include persons earning up to \$24,000 a year was introduced Monday by Sen. Dick Clark

The bill would provide greater health and financial protection for retired persons and more disability protection for younger workers. It would also consolidate medicare hospitalization and medical programs into a single program covering almost all health expenses for retired persons.

Kuwait refuses to join Iran in Daimler stake

Kuwait recently refused an offer from Iran for its 14 percent stake in Daimler-Benz AG, the makers of the Mercedes-Benz, the daily Al Rai al-Am reported Monday.

The paper, quoting official sources here, said Kuwait refused an offer which would have meant an immediate profit of 150 million marks (about \$65 million). The paper said Kuwait turned down the Iranian offer because it considered its investment a long-term

New missile reported in Vietnam fighting

The North Vietnamese have introduced an improved version of the SA-7 anti-aircraft missile into South Vietnam, according to South Vietnamese military sources.

The sources said the new version of the Soviet-made, heat-seeking missile has a greater range than the older type, which has been used in South Vietnam for several years now. Helicopters, which could fly just out of

range of the older weapon, can be hit while flying at maximum attitudes by the new missile. But the missile can still be evaded, if the pilot spots it just after it is fired, military sources said.

The new SA-7 started appearing in South Vietnam toward the end of last year, the sources said.

Monitor correspondent Daniel Southerland writes that two fighterbombers were shot down by heatseeking missiles in the Upper Mekong delta within 15 minutes of each other. Sunday.

Press distortion charged in Israeli UNESCO role

The director-general of UNESCO has accused the United States and West European press of conducting a campaign of misrapresentation over

Israell participation in the world body. Amadou-Mahtar M'bow, who is on a six-day visit to China, said Israel had not been excluded from UNESCO and that reports in the West European and American press to this effect were

He said in an interview with Reuter that the Western press had misinterpreted recent UNESCO resolutions on Israel, reported them incompletely and erroneously, and ignored a statement he had issued clarifying the matter. "I believe a campaign against UNESCO is being waged by the Anglo-Saxon press over this affair." he said.

One of the resolutions, passed late

Worker productivity declines

The productivity of U.S. workers declined in 1974 for the first time in

Output per man-hour in the private economy was off 2.7 percent — the

in the fourth-quarter output per man-hour fell at an annual rate of 5.1

The manufacturing sector of the economy turned in the best perfor-

Widespread layoffs in the automobile industry and cutbacks in other

mance in productivity. In the fourth quarter, output per man-hour rose

first decline in this key economic indicator since the government first

percent, compared with a 2.3 percent decline in the previous three-

0.6 percent, but this largely reflected the fact that total man-hours

manufacturing Industries resulted in a 13.4 percent decline in man-

hours worked in the manufacturing sector of the economy. This was

worked in manufacturing industries fell faster than did output.

27 years, the Labor Department reported Monday.

began keeping productivity records in 1947.

enough to offset a 12.9 percent fall in output.

last year by the UNESCO general conference, resulted in Israel's being excluded from the organization's European and Asian regional divisions.

Scott asks tax exemption on savings' interest Washington

in a move aimed at stimulating the .

housing industry by encouraging deposits in savings accounts, Republican Senate leader Hugh Scott of Pennsylvania Monday introduced a bill to make interest on the first \$10,000 held by individuals in savings accounts tax exempt.

Husbands and wives who file joint



Sen. Hugh Scott

tax returns, but who maintain individual savings accounts, could receive an exemption on interest of up to \$20,000 in accounts under Senator Scott's bill. The savings would have to be kept in accounts for at least 12 months.

Decade of spending for arms computed

A 123-page study of world military expenditures and arms trade between 1962 and 1973 indicates world military expenditures are still going up, but the rate of increase began to slow down in the 1970s, writes Monitor

correspondent Dana Adams Schmidt. The report of the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency headed by Fred C. Ikie also says that:

 The United States was the highest military spender in the world in 1973 in terms of constant 1972 dollars, with expenditure of \$84.1 billion, followed by the Soviet Union with \$81 billion. But in terms of current dollars the Soviet Union led the field with \$86 billion followed by the U.S. with \$78.4 . The so-called "developing"

countries are spending more and more

on arms and beginning to approach the levels of the developed countries.

The study shows that the 136 countries studied spent \$2.5 trillion on military security since 1963.

In terms of constant dollars for the period the United States led the world in arms sales, gifts, and credits which reached \$5 trillion in 1973. The Soviet Union sold, gave, or gave credit by the same year to the amount of \$2.5 trillion.

For the whole period, Egypt led the field in quantity of arms received. namely \$2.5 billion, almost entirely from the U.S., followed by Iran at \$2 billion. mostly from the U.S. but including \$438 million from Russia. India received \$1.7 billion worth of arms during the period. almost entirely from Russia, but including \$88 million from the U.S.

IRS probe unit ordered to disband?

A top-secret internal Revenue Service investigative unit that collected personal information on thousands of U.S. citizens was ordered last weekend to disband immediately and destroy its confidential files, the Philadelphia Bulletin reported Monday.

In a copyright story from its Washington bureau, the paper reported the existence of the Intelligence Gathering and Research Unit, known within the IRS as IGR.

The Bulletin quoted "high government sources" as saying the unit was set up "during the first Nixon administration and was in partial operation in 1972 before Mr. Nixon began his reelection campaign."

One of IGR's original leaders, and chief of its Miami bureau, the newspaper reported, was Tom Lopez, who "in 1971 and 1972 . . . was in regular contact with John W. Dean III, the White House counsel to Mr. Nixon, who became the chief witness against him," the Bulletin said its sources

Correction

in an item appearing on this page ian. 21 about the passing of Thomas Hart Benton, it was stated inadvertently that his home was in St. Louis, Mo. This was not correct, it should have neen noted as Kansas City, Mo.

Stock-market spree The London stock-market boom turned into a wild buying spree Monday with the Financial Times Index putting on 22.1 points in the first hour of trading. Atthough the index later slipped, the rise to 239.1 was the biggest ever recorded in such a short time. Meanwhile, share trading on the New York stock market during the first hour Monday was the highest for the first hour since Feb. 13, 1973.

VA accused

The Veterans Administration largely ignores a federal law requiring it to advise imprisoned and paroled veterans of their VA benefits, leaving many ex-GI inmates ignorant of educational and other programs, according to a congressional watchdog agency in Washington. The General Accounting Office study was requested by Rep. Charles B. Rangel (D) of New.

Auto-price floor?

Leonard Woodcock, president of the United Automobile Workers, says U.S." carmakers cannot lower their prices because it would mean losing money. Appearing on NBC's "Meet the Press" Sunday, Mr. Woodcock said auto companies' profit margins have been "paper thin" and "you can't cut prices if you're losing money on every car that

California tremors

Another series of mild earthquakes rumbled through the jittery desert town of Brawley, Calif., Sunday, as city employees remained on emergency. standby in the event of a major quake: More than 30 tramors have been felt in the Imperial Valley community since Thursday, and scientists believe a newly formed earthquake fault south of town could be responsible.

Greek-U.S. sparks

Anti-American demonstrators on the Greek island of Corfu tried to set fire Sunday to an automobile carrying two American naval officers who had landed on the island during a protest against a visit by their destroyer, police: reported. The police managed to get ... the officers back to a motorboat which returned them to the U.S. 6th Fleet destroyer Richard E. Byrd.

*Thais vote middle of road

The Democrat Party has a long history of opposition to Thailand's military regimes. It has solid backing from a wide range of business interests and has often been described as conservative, gradualist, and monarchist. But it has come around in recent times to advocating a mild form of socialism.

Coalition prospect

Seni Promoj, apparently elated by the election results, said that he hopes to be the one to form a new government, and some observers are predicting that he is certain to become prime minister. But despite his party's surprisingly good showing in the election, it is by no means totally certain at this point that the Democrats can form a viable coalition.

Whatever coalition emerges, it is

African violet fanciers have a na-

tional convention in a different city

annually - in April. This year it will

be held in Boston. And already across

the country a congregation of Saint-

paulia, the violet's botanical name,

and other gesneriads, the Saint-

paulia's parent family, are being

prepared for show. It takes about

three months to bring a plant to full-

Year after year, people - amateurs

mostly - whose violets have taken

over a window, a room, or perhaps a

whole basement under fluorescent

lights, try to grow the most splendi-

ferous Tommie Lou (variegated

leaves, pinkish blossoms) or the

showiest Chipper (silver-edged

purple) or some other variety regis-

tered with the African Violet Society

These gloriously blooming plants

However, there is renewed interest

today in those primitive ancestors.

Pleas are appearing in the AV maga-

zine for leaves from which to cultivate

one of the early types. (That, in-

cidentally, is the simplest way to get

inches or more across - are breath-

takingly beautiful, there seems to be a

yearning for the natural simplicity of

The ancestor of the American hy-

brid varieties, found on the slopes of

Tanganyika (now Tanzania) might

well disown its showy descendants.

The wild originals are small, delicate

While massive plants — some are 16

are a far hybrid indeed from the small

blue, pink, or white originals.

new plants - from a leaf.)

bloom perfection.

of America.

originals.

Back to basics

★The all-America African violet

not likely to lead to any major changes in Thailand's foreign policy. The election was fought mainly over

month period.

personalities and local issues. The students who overthrew the former military regime in 1973 have since then divided into so many fragmented, feuding factions that they failed to play a major role in the

The turnout for the election - well below 50 percent of the eligible voters was a disappointment to some Thais. The low turnout was attributed to a number of factors, including a devastating flood in the south of

Although the election was conducted in a more orderly manner than some expected, it has failed so far to dispel widespread doubts about the durability of Thailand's new experiment in democracy.

plants with single blossoms. Doubles

were later cultivations, and the

blooms that in 1975 look much like

miniature roses are products of so-

The violet in America goes back to

William Harris, a Philadelphia flor-

ist, who got two plants from a New

York florist, George Stump, before

1900. He, in turn, had obtained them

from Germany. For it was Baron

Walter von St. Paul, district governor

for Germany of Usambara in Tan-

ganyika who, in the 1890s, noticed and

collected the wild flowers which even-

Eventually 24 species of Saintpaulia

were identified in the wild, and from

their descendants have come the

thousands of cultivars seen in florist

shops, in shopping centers, and in

Besides the annual national con-

vention, each local AV society holds

its own shows. In a small barn, a city

hall, or in a suburban shopping mall,

somehow, somewhere, these natural-

ized floral citizens from Africa go on

display practically every month.

They seem to be out to prove them-

selves the all-time, all-American

What dimming could save

A recent article for Lighting Design

and Application, the journal of the

Society of Illuminating Engineers,

estimated that if all America were

equipped with dimmers, and dimmed

down only 10 percent, it would save

100 million barrels of oil a year.

tually were named for him.

homes.

houseplant.

phisticated breeding.

*Why aid to Israel jars

Continued from Page 1

The Isaelis are already fully served as far as quantity is concerned, according to one expert source.

The arguments come over advanced items that may not yet be fully. distributed to U.S. units, such as the most sophisticated laser-guided weapons, which could stand off at considerable distance and knock out enemy ground-to-air missiles such as the Russian SA-6s which felled so many Israeli planes in October, 1973.

One recent debate within the two departments concerned the decision to sell Israel 200 Lance missiles, a short-range ballistic weapon which can be fired 70 miles and could be regarded as an answer to the SCUD missile the Russians have sent to

Both SCUD and Lance could devastate cities, or be used to knock outground-to-air missiles. Both could carry either conventional or nuclear warheads.

U.S. 'going too far'

The general philosophy of the middle-graders who oppose the toplevel policies is that the U.S. is going. overboard in support of Israel, largely for domestic political reasons, and that the interest of the U.S. would be better served by a more balanced policy. .

They acknowledge that Secretary Kissinger has turned American Middle East policy around in many respects.

It is on the arms issue that they feel an error - a misjudgment as to what constitutes balance - is being made.

The State Department men are more concerned with the possibilities of preemptive war: the danger the Israelis might launch one, and the danger that the Arabs might strike first in an effort to head the Israelis off, as Muhammad Hassanein Heykal, the knowledgable former editor of the Cairo Newspaper Al-Ahram warned recently.

Americans 'shortchanged'

At the Pentagon the emphasis is on concern that American units are being shortchanged, being forced to compete with the Israelis for priority items they themselves would need in an emergency. Secretary Kissinger's view, which appears to have been fully adopted by Mr. Schlesinger, is that Israel's defense requirements must be fully served to overcome the Israelis' fear of being overrum by the Arabs - and also to make them willing to make territorial concessions to the Arabs.

★Socialists vs. Communists

Continued from Page 1

Cunha got his way by winning the support of the seven military men in the Cabinet, including that of radically inclined Premier, Brig. Vasco dos Santos Goncalves.

Four abstained

There were three votes against the law — those of PSP ministers Scares and Francisco Salgado Zenha, together with that of centrist Popular Democratic Party (PPD) minister Joaquin Jorge Magalhaes Mota. The four civilian technocrats in the Cabinet abstained.

Thus the law was forced through. But when it came to writing into the law the details of its operation, its opponents within the Cabinet were reportedly able to outvote on several counts the hard core of three committed to what the Communists wanted. These three were Mr. Cunha the Prime Minister, and the Labor Minister, Capt. Jose Ignacio da Costa Martins.

The military in the Cabinet had been committed to an original vote for the law by majority decision of the Armed Forces Movement (AFM), which has pulled the strings ever since the ousting of the Caetano regime last April. But the way the military split in the Cabinet after the initial vote on the trade-union law reflects a split within the AFM itself between radicals and moderates. Indeed the Communists' victory on

the law could turn out to harm rather than help them. It has already forced closer PSP-PPD cooperation against them. And it could stiffen the opposition of the moderates in the AFM to the movement's pro-Communist radicals who have called the shots in recent months. Indeed, what happens next within the AFM could decide what happens next in Portugal particularly whether elections are delayed (as the Communists want) or held on schedule (as the Socialists

*Ford pressured on energy policy

Continued from Page 1 ever, a spokesman for Mr. Bellotti

told this newspaper that Massachusetts has received no details. The main arguments of the suit, said Mr. Belotti's spokesman, will be

that Mr. Ford's oil tariff: · "Extends the narrow authority" of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962.

• Contravenes the Environmental Policy Act of 1969. Usurps the tax-writing authority

of Congress. This week the U.S. House of Representatives is expected to approve a bill blocking the President from imposing the tariff for 90 days, while Congress debates alternative energy THESE TRES.

Higher limit needed

The House Ways and Means Committee, which generated the delaying measure, tied it to a bill raising the national debt limit from \$495 billion to \$531 billion through June 30. Rationale of the Democratic majority on the panel was that President Ford, who needs the higher debt limit to keep on paying government bills, would not

Warning system on FM radio

Warnings of nuclear attack, hurricanes, tornadoes and other circumstances will be sent out by the U.S. Government on an FM radio fre-

The White House Office of Telecommunications Policy said recently the warnings will be issued through the National Weather Service, broadcasting 24 hours daily over VHF-FM radio channels 162.40 and 162.55 magahertz.

John M. Eger, acting director of telecommunications policy, said most home radios presently are not capable of receiving these channels, so the new system requires installation : of a special adapter.

But the device, described as inexpensive and already on the market, is expected to be built into new radios.

Beep signals warning

"The system incorporates a special tone alert signal permitting home receivers to be activiated automatically if desired by the owner," Mr. Eger said.

If the owner has his radio turned on and set at the specified charmels, he will hear a beep signal telling him to turn up the volume and revelve the warning.

For the "forseeable future." it is doubtful most people will purchase receivers capable of picking up the channels, so the system will supplement other warning systems, Mr. Riger said.

* Hydrogen: flight fuel?

Continued from Page 1 Once the safety issue is bridged,

superior in many ways to petroleum. Hydrogen gives off far fewer polictants — no carbon monoxide, no hydrocarbons, no smoke, no odera and as much as 50 percent fewer nitric oxides.

Hydrogen packs more than twice the power per pound than jet fiel which means aircraft can be lighter. with smaller engines, and with greater range.

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration has commitsioned the Lockheed hydrogen studies. Says a NASA official:

"We don't see anything that requires any scientific breakthrough as far as hydrogen is concerned for either commercial or military use... The real problem, he says, is where

the U.S. can get the hydrogen. Another NASA official-working & the supply problem notes there are several ways to make hydrogen — but all of them still more expensive time just using jet fuel.

The easiest way to make it is from natural gas, but that is in short supply.

A more expensive way is through coal gasification. And a third way, known to every

high school science student, is by electrolysis of water. But this is quires prodigious inputs of energy from other sources — such as consider, or nuclear energy. That raises the costs to levels that are presently prohibitive.

Four steps to 1990

In the near term, says the NASA official, hydrogen probably will made through coal gasification; is the long term, through either nuclear or solar energy.
Mr. Brewer's most recent should

Mr. Brewer's most recent show indicate that commercial hydrogen flights could begin as early as 1990. but that will require four important

 An international commitment to convert sireraft fuel to hydrogen, since strlines need common, ward

wide fael supplies.

• Research to reduce the control hydrogen mamufacture and

tribution. • Worldwide conversion of street facilities to handle hydrogen.

• Aircraft research and deser

opment, including an inflight issue program for a modified sircraft at early as late 1978 or early 1979. Sound like a big order? Mr. Breeff. insists there is no alternative — of A

least nothing in sight.

From secretary to publisher: a woman at the helm

Helen K. Copley, one of the few women publishers in the United States, oversees a fleet of nine daily and 30 weekly newspapers with cautious, unobtrusive moderation - trying to ensure that her papers measure up to "higher standards of good taste."

By David Winder

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Menitor

San Diego, Calif.

Sitting on a comfortable couch in her office, a small U.S. flag on her desk nearby and another by the window, the woman who heads the Copley newspaper chain describes her own outlook this way:

"Under no circumstances," she says, "would I ever want to be called a liberal." Helen K. Copley speaks of her late husband, James, as a "well-known conservative." and adds, "I am the same, although I call it moderate." As for President Ford, she finds him "a little more liberal than I had hoped for."

Mrs. Copley, who first met her husband when she worked as his personal secretary at the Copley-owned San Diego Union newspaper, presides over a chain of nine dailies, 30 weeklies, and a large supplemental news service in the U.S. and overseas.

Her executive style is quiet, unobtrusive, almost diffident. She has been at the helm for little over a year and faces the twin challenges of an ongoing \$40-million expansion plan and the difficulties of the current inflation-recession, which has led her papers to order a 4- to 5-percent reduction in staff and to make other economies.

... Government witness

She leans heavily for advice on retired Marine Lt. Gen. Victor H. Krulak, vice-president of the corporation and director of editorial news policy. The General took the stand as a government witness during the Ellaberg trial.

The General is widely thought to dominate editorial policy, partly because Mrs. Copley, as chairman of the

corporation and a board member of the Inter American Press Association, is often away.

But she is the editor and makes a point of attending the Monday morning editorial conference whenever she can. Does she ever feel impelled to intervene? "I think the only obvious times were when I signed a front page editorial," she says; "I think [that] has only happened twice since Jim passed away.

One was during the transition from Jim's leadership to mine and the other was an editorial on Nixon." (The San Diego Union broke with Mr. Nixon after his admission he had lied; the paper called for his-

Mrs. Copley is not alone as a woman executive in U.S. newspaper publishing.

Politics taboo

In California (at the opposite end of the political spectrum) is Eleanor McClatchy, president of the McClatchy newspaper chain (Sacramento, Fresno, and Modesto Bees). Other distaff publishers are Rita Hill of Puerto Rico, Dorothy Schiff of the New York Post, and Katharine Graham of the Washington Post.

"We get along very well," says Mrs. Copley of the other woman publisher she knows best, Katharine Graham. "We are on a couple of newspaper boards; together and we usually manage to have time to visit." But politics apparently is taboo. "We don't discuss it."

she savs. Was she critical of the roles Mrs. Graham and the Washington Post played in uncovering the Watergate

'I think the end result proved that she was probably right, but" - and then she retreats from what seemed an upcoming criticism. After a momentary. hesitation, she adds: "Yes, I think she was right."

Overall, however, press coverage of Watergate disturbs her. She thinks some of the public hostility toward the media in the affair is deserved.

"I think they were printing a lot of things that were rumor. Some proved to be false, and some proved to be true. We are really seeking the truth. We don't print something and hurt someone unless it is proved to be

"We started out with an editorial policy on Watergate of 'Let's get the answers. Let's not throw stones until we know exactly what happened." "



Publisher Helen K. Copley: President Ford is a little too 'liberal'

Under that editorial policy, the San Diego Union (circulation 180,000 and running 108 pages the day of this interview) ran 128 Watergate editorials.

The San Diego Union (sister of the evening Tribune) is the flagship of the Copley fleet. It is housed in an imposing modern newspaper building with mirrored glass windows reflecting the California hills. It has a spacious paneled foyer and mahogany doors in the executive offices.

But in common with most newspapers today, hit by high production costs, the Union has been forced to make a cut in its payroll of 3,800 persons. It also is pressed by stiff inheritance taxes on the James Copley estate.

No dramatic changes

Within the last year the Copley organization also has sold four local dailies and nine weeklies in Southern California as well as the Sacramento Union. The Sacramento Union, never a paying proposition and thought to be losing \$2 million to \$3 million a year, had been underwritten by Mr. Copley because of the prestige he thought a paper in the California capital would

Mrs. Copley has no dramatic changes in mind for the San Diego Union, and if the women's liberation movement, for instance, sees a possible champion in her, it will be disappointed.

She is not out to push feminist news or to make special efforts to push up recruitment of women. She is 'chairman' of the corporation that runs the Copley News Service. "I don't think we should change the language because of the ladies," she says.

Perhaps the word uppermost in her mind when she thinks about newspaper policy is "taste."

A staff manual explains it: "Everything printed in the San Diego Union shall be measured against the higher standards of good taste. This requires that libelous character assassination and profanity shall be avoided. Obscene, profane, blasphemous, vulgar, and doublemeaning words shall expressly not be used."

The paper has been charged with stuffiness, but she defends the policy:

"Our feeling is that we like to get children, who are our future readers, interested in the papers, and so we have had very active programs in the classrooms in which they use our newspapers." If carrying the load of a newspaper empire burdens

her, Mrs. Copley does not admit it, but she admits her social life is not what it was.

She swims in her private pool in the mornings, but says, "I'm just too busy to go out in the evenings."

Elma Lewis: first lady of Boston black culture

A friend said of Elma Lewis, 'She'd like to be the godmother of all black artists.' in Boston, at least, Miss Lewis's wonderfully successful School for the Fine Arts has made her just that. And the school is not only a training ground for artists, it has given its neighborhood, and black betterment, a voice.

> By Frederic Hunter Staff writer of The Christian Science Monitor

Whether she's disciplining toughs or fighting for the rights of blacks, Elma Lewis packs a wallop.

"Some young men came to our Black Nativity performance the other night to pick says the diminutive but hefty founder of a unique fine-arts school which pumps cultural lifeblood into this city's - Roxbury section and a center which lights a beacon for black artists throughout the United States:

"I said, 'Not in here!" Then I added, 'I'm not giving you to the cops because nothing would happen to you. I got a big stick

"I wasn't going to beat them," Miss Lewis insists. Sitting on a sofa in the gold-walled office of the Elma Lewis School of Fine Arts, this cultural matriarch raises her eyebrows ... unnocently. She looks about with an expres-... sion both benign and commandingly firm. "I was simply going to talk to them. But they aughed. They thought I was funny. So I best hem."

She smiles. "When their friends saw them cetting a beating, they thought, This is a nadwoman!' "

These were not the first people to think that

Exna Lewis might be slightly mad. Watching her pressure them for ghetto rehabilitation, Boston city councillors have thought the same thing. So have some of the people who did not take black culture seriously until Miss Lewis came on the scene.

She appeared 25 years ago with an arts school housed in the living and dining rooms of a ghetto home. "We started," says Miss Lewis, "with \$500 and a secondhand plane. Our goal was to provide quality education in arts for neighdorhood Children.

After a quarter century, the school has grown, moved five times until it found a permanent home, and become one of Boston's most influential black institutions. Miss Lewis observes: "We're poor on a much grander level now.

"We have a different goal today," she explains. "But ; "a neighborhood's different, too. We've come to a place now where the institutions will outlast me." She refers not only to the Elma Lewis School of Fine Arts, but also the the National Center for Afro-American Artists, which has sprung from it.

Center's goal differs

"The center's goal is national," she continues, "to be a special patron of the black artist and to alter the life-style of blacks in

If the school and the center do not yet have a truly national reputation; they do make a unique contribution to the life of Roxbury.

"Elma Lewis is taking art into the community and developing indigenous art from within it," says director Lloyd Richards. one of the first American blacks to establish a nonacting career in the Broadway theater.

In the past 25 years, Miss Lewis's school has trained 6,000 students in performance techniques. The highly professional staff numbers 98. A total of 525 students, most of them schoolchildren but including some adults, currently participate in more than 500

Beginning students, many of them as young



By Barth Falkenberg, staff photographer

Elma Lewis

as six, take required courses in dance, drama, art, music, and costuming. Boys receive instruction in African drumming. If a father objects to his son's learning ballet, an understanding registrar will certainly comfort him. But if the boy stays in the school, he

From the time she was a teen-ager giving poetry readings ("I was making \$50 a week when my father was bringing home \$11"), Miss Lewis has wanted to bring the finest aspects of world culture to the people of

"This input is lacking in the school system," says John Francis, the achool's development director, and giving young blacks access to it is still an important part of the

But for Mr. Francis, training performing. artists is not the school's main function. "We're producing human beings," he stresses. "We're injecting humanity into kids at an early age. Human beings may not be a viable product in this society, but we look at the happiness of people as a benefit."

"I teach a lot of self-love," says Miss others if they don't love themselves."

Boston's Museum of Fine Arts has seen evidence of the cultural impact of Miss Lewis's school and center. William Lillys, Dean of the Museum's Public Education Department, notes: "Projects in which we've collaborated with the National Center for Afro-American Artists have brought new audiences into the museum. That's a happy turn of events for us. The kind of energy and imagination that comes from the center has done us a great deal of good."

The school also plays an important role as a gathering point for blacks. "Miss Lewis's school is the only cultural outlet in Roxbury," says a resident of the area.

Not surprisingly, the need for a community center has pushed the school toward concerns that extend beyond the arts. The center hosts frequent receptions for black leaders and makes its space available to black groups for meetings, even when this requires rearranging classes.

Students' quiet zone

During the recent disturbances here over school busing, the school served as a place where black students could congregate out of reach of explosive street tensions.

"I was raised as a black nationalist," Miss Lewis admits. "Nowadays that has leveled off to a sensible place in me. My critics say I'm aggressive and domineering, but I'm not

"Elma Lewis is a superlative arts administrator," says Betty Cook, director of the Boston Mayor's Office of Cultural Affairs. "She looks upon culture as a human right. Few people have the energy and dynamism to persevere with this conviction and say to others, 'You must support us.' " If Miss Lewis "gets what she wants," what

does she want for the future?

First, she would like to insure the existence of the school and the National Center for Afro-American Artists as strong institutions, undergirded by financial endowment. Having years, the school is making important progress in this direction.

National drive eved

(In June last year, the Ford Foundation announced a \$650,000 incentive grant. It will be paid by Aug. 31, 1977, on the condition that the Elma Lewis School raises \$1.3 million in matching funds. At the moment the school has received pledges amounting to \$200,000, half of it from the Committee of the Permanent Charity Fund, one of Boston's largest foundations.)

Once endowment strengthens the school's survival prospects, Miss Lewis will turn more of her attention to the National Center for Afro-American Artists. An important initial project is to convert a former synagogue, now owned by the school, into a headquarters complex, including a 1,000-seat auditorium and museum galleries.

"That complex is going to be a landmark for the entire city," says Rollins Griffith, assistant superintendent of Boston schools in much of Roxbury and Dorchester.

Currently the center's national role remains largely a vision. But 25 years ago when Elma Lewis started teaching performance skills to Roxbury children, her fine arts school was hardly more than that.

The vision seems embodied in several simple precepts. "I always wanted to do right," Miss Lewis explains. "I still want to do right. I want everything I touch to be improved by the fact that I touch it."

_etters shed light on early James era

enry James: Letters. Volume I (1843-1875), edited by Leon Edel. Cambridge: Harvard \$15

By Victor Howes

Alfred, Lord Tennyson felt that an thor's life was his private preserve. oets W. H. Auden and T. S. Eliot anted no biographies. Novelist enry James, more realistically, ought of biography as a duel, a hunt, game of detection between a sleuth ad his clusive prey.

Near the end of his life, in two big mfires at his home in Rye, James irned his private papers, including early all the correspondence adessed to him during a long and fruitful career. He warned his nephew and literary executor to be a "check and trustrator" to those who would exploit his papers. He kept his personal friends, and friends of friends, cubbyholed away from knowledge of each other.

Nevertheless, despite his secrecy, or because of it, the shadow-game goes on. New letters by James continue to come to light, and those who

Books

wish to track the master novelist to his tower of art have one more volume in which to trace him.

Volume One of a projected four, edited by Leon Edel, takes us from James's boyhood to his thirty-second year. Takes us, in fact, through the apprentice years, wherein HJ is busily meeting people, collecting impressions, and trying his hand at a variety of writings: reviews, travel sketches, short stories, and long, gossipy, perceptive letters.

Model correspondent

Nothing much happens to James in these letters. He neither falls in love nor falls from a horse. He quarrels with no one. He makes friends but no enemies. When he is home he writes to friends abroad. When he is abroad he writes dutifully home. As to fillal and fraternal duty he is the model correspondent. As to adventures he is no Byron.

Genteel and properly Bostonian, his letters reveal two preoccupations: the desire to write, the desire to escape permanently from America. The two concerns interdepend. The future "historian of fine sensibilities" needed a field more fertile than Newport-Cambridge-Boston could offer to his cultivation.

By age twenty-four, he feels he has exhausted the possibilities of Cambridge: "I' doubt of the existence of any really satisfactory society here; the undergraduates are of course too young, the law students (in general) too stupid and common, the tutors and several of the professors too busy, and Longfellow, Lowell, Norton and co. (in spite of great amiability), not at all to my taste."

Sponging up Europe

He longs with the passion of a pilgrim for England, Paris, Italy. When, thanks to parental funds, he makes the Grand Tour, his spirits rise, his health improves, his powers of observation expand. He walks the Alps, rides horseback, sponges up museums, castles, abbeys, and col-



Henry James in 1860

leges as if they were going out of

But people are his first love. The "medieval" wife of poet William Morris turns James on: "Imagine a tall lean woman in a long dress of some dead purple stuff . . . a thin, pale face, a pair of strange, sad, deep, dark Swinburnish eyes, with great thick, black, oblique brows, joined in the middle and tucking themselves away under her hair . . . a long neck, without any collar, and in lieu thereof some dozen strings of outlandish beads."

And then there is George Eliot, "magnificently ugly - deliciously hideous . . . a horse-faced bluestocking" whose soft, rich voice, mingled sagacity and sweetness, "reserve, knowledge, pride and power" completely charmed young Henry.

Foundation completed

He craved such impressions in order to write. He is wisely garnering up the materials he would need for a novelist's life work. The riches of the old world fascinate him and produce his best observations: M. Angelo's statues "exhale silence and thought"; the Tiber hurries along "as swift and as dirty as history"; the Baths of Caracalla he compares to "a second class mountain in reduced circumstances"; "Gondolas spoil you for the return to common life."

By the end of Volume One of the letters he is ready to fly the trammels of Boston, a self-supporting writer. With money coming in steadily from articles and stories, he has built the foundation for his castle in the air. He realizes his "eastward hankerings and hungerings" and escapes to London, crowing exultantly, "I take possession of the old world - I inhale it -I appropriate it."

Europe appropriated him. He became the American abroad, the first of what later became a flood tide of expatriate writers, who would serve as cultural ambassadors between the new world and the old. James's greatest work lay still ahead, but he had laid its cornerstone as firmly as the Rock of Gibraltar.

Here, with his biographer-turnededitor Leon Edel as expert guide, the reader may climb the footbills toward HJ's lonely tower of art, may study in the letters of the exile from Yankeehood those figures he was later so magnificently to weave into his artist's carpet.

Victor Howes is a poet, critic. essayist and professor of English at Northeastern University.

<u>financial</u>

A 'cottage industry' resolves some job-home dilemmas

Third in a series focuses on how the woman at home can make a little extra money.

By Ron Scherer

Business-financial correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

New York Phyllis is in a traffic jam on the FDR drive that suggests camping equipment will be needed before the cars begin moving again; the baby-sitter called 40 minutes ago and announced the house was dissolving in front of her.

"Help," she said, "before the neighborhood children remove any more of the dining room wallpaper.

If Phyllis had worked at home, she, not the baby-sitter, would have been keeping the kids off the walls. However, as many full-time housekeepers and part-time workers know, making money at home is not easy, particularly, if your skills range from secretarial to clerical to educational, i.e., teaching.

Opportunity for many

keepers, however, cottage industries offer an opportunity to make money, keep house, and watch the children. The types of activities include: cooking and baking (with a side order of catering); arts and crafts, teaching, and advising.

Some may provide only a few dollars a week in profit (but a welcome relief from boredom) and others may lead the way for a permanent career. In almost all cases, your home becomes something

Cottage industries are not the only activities that can be done from home. Almost all direct selling jobs mean working from home and almost all are challenges.

Minimums encouraged

Because selling is never easy, a representative of Amway Corporation, an Ada, Mich. (near Grand Rapids), maker of soaps and home care products, says the company "encourages our representatives to set goals - to sell a minimum amount each month." Almost all of Amway's 200,000 distributorships are held by part-time workers. Overall, almost 3 million individuals are engaged in direct selling of some kind and more than \$4 billion worth of goods are sold.

Part-time work can also lead to a full-time job once responsibilities, such as children, are not as pressing. And, as Catalyst, a not-for-profit organization dedicated to expanding employment opportunities for college-educated women who wish to combine career and family responsibilities, notes, "Plans for part-time work require just as serious a job For scores of full-time house- 2 campaign as plans for full-time employment."

Aims come first

Catalyst suggests that before launching a formal search, "decide what hours you would like to work. . . ." And recognize where you can be flexible.

· Convince employers that part-time workers are their best buy. Part-time employees, for example, can have greater productivity, a lower turnover rate, and a greater commitment HOW TO DEVELOP A

Helpful books for job hunters

One caution: Felice N. Schwartz, president and founder of Catalyst, says, "It's important to avoid the 'I can't do anything syndrome." She has formalized these feelings in a comprehensive book entitled, "How to Go to Work When Your Husband Is Against It, Your Children Aren't Old Enough, and There's Nothing You Can Do Anyhow." (Simon & Schuster,

Interests change

pamphlets:

Since its origin 18 years ago, Catalyst has found that there has been a broad shift - women are not as interested in part-time work as they are in full-time careers. However, for women interested in part-time work, her most recent suggestion has been to share employment with someone.

Here are some useful books and

How to Work When Your Husband

Is Against It, Your Children Aren't Old Enough, and There's Nothing You

Can Do Anyhow, by Felice N.

Schwartz, Simon and Schuster, \$2.95.

for Work, \$1.75 each, Catalyst, 14 East

60th Street, New York, NY 10022.

Catalyst also has other publications

on careers and educational opportu-

Your Job Campaign and Planning

Says Ms. Schwartz, "For example, couples sharing a job find it makes them professionally and intellectually more alive."

To have a part-time job that can be a boost toward a career, a woman must plan early. As an example, Ms. Schwartz comments, "If you are 22 years old and want to get married and have children, you can take 10 years to be at home and then get a meaningless job, or a first job; or, you can get some experience under your belt, then have children, but keep abreast of new developments in your profession, and then return to an area with some real opportunities once the kids grow up.

Next, What to avoid; work-at-home schemes that don't work, and pyramid sales. Also, a list of 100 jobs you can do at home.

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fice, Washington, DC 20402.

\$.50, U.S. Government Printing Of-

Also, the Internal Revenue Service:

Saleswoman Pat Bowman prepares her orders

Housewife finds Avon line fills in time—and pays fine

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

New York Like many women who are fulltime housekeepers and mothers, Pat Bowman was tired of sitting around the

So, Mrs. Bowman, who lives in a modest two-bedroom apartment in suburban New Rochelle, N.Y., began looking for something to fill her sparetime. In fact, when she first began looking for a job, making money was not that important -

filling in the time was. Once Mrs. Bowman had looked at Tupperware sales, soap selling, and numerous other direct-selling opportunities, she was convinced that from a financial viewpoint, selling Avon products was her best deal. And when she actually began selling Avon products, she found "it provided an important second income for the family."

At first Mrs. Bowman had her reservations about going door-to-door to sell the Avon line of perfumes, soaps, and cosmetics.

She finds ringing pays

At the start, she rather unsuccessfully sold only to friends and relatives. On her second try, though, Mrs. Bowman was determined that ringing door bells was no crime.

On a typical sales day, Mrs. Bow-

man will canvas her neighborhood territory (Avon divides the U.S. into 1,000-unit areas for each saleswoman) by either ringing door bells ["Hello, I'm Pat Bowman, your Avon representative."] or leaving brochures describing the items being offered in Avon's latest campaign. (Avon begins a new campaign every two weeks for the representative to go out and offer specials or regular items for sale.)

In some instances Mrs. Bowman will return at night to follow up on brochures she's left, or occasionally she will get a phone call from someone who received the brochure. Although she feels pretty safe in her neighborhood at night, Mrs. Bowmen prefers not to work nights.

Special selling point

Near Christmastime, Mrs. Bowman was able to tell customers, "These items make good stocking stuffers," or "This is the last campaign until Christmas.'

One steady customer, Cheryl, buys \$25 worth of perfumes, colognes, after-shaves, and cosmetics. Her son Courtney, who is 21/4, handles everything as well.

The selling day ends early for Mrs. Bowman, who has to return to her three-year-old daughter Jennifer who usually accompanies her on the trips. While not a great day, with \$42 in sales, it wasn't bad since around \$15 of that will be hers.

Pro-IBM court ruling jars computer industry

The Christian Science Monitor

The computer industry in the United States has been soundly joited by a federal appeals-court decision in. favor of International Business Ma-

That decision, announced at first in summary form that has delayed close analysis, went against Telex Corporation. However, its impact is expected to be felt on many other companies - large and small - in the highly competitive computer busi-

that IBM had not deen guilty of predatory pricing and other violations of federal antitrust law, as a federal district court had decided in 1978. The district court had ruled also that IBM should pay Telex \$259.5 million in damages. This award was overturned

by the appeals-court decision, made public last Friday. Among reactions to the preliminary

announcement, J. Thomas Franklin, a Boston attorney who has been interpreting legal developments in all IBM cases for computer clients, commented: "The decision was indeed a surprise. Most lawyers and financial analysts had feared the worst: that definition set forth by the district court. Most people expected the appeals-court decision to deal with the magnitude of damages and the method of calculating them."

The appeals court apparently went along with IBM's claim that it is competing in a systems market, and that this is the type and size of market within which its competitive practices should be measured.

"If so," Mr. Franklin said, "this may accelerate the acquisition of smaller companies by larger ones." Mr. Franklin said one of the most interesting aspects of the appealsagainst IBM. Trial of that case is scheduled to begin Feb. 18.

Mr. Franklin said the government suit, charging IBM with violation of the Sherman Antitrust Act, would take a year to try and another year for decision. However, he pointed out, if Telex decides to appeal to the Supreme Court, and the court agrees to hear the appeal, a high-court decision could come within a year - or well before the district-court decision in the government case.

"This amounts to a major shortcircuit of the government case," Mr. Franklin said. "A Supreme Court decision on a Telex appeal would predetermine the outcome of the government antitrust suit."

Correction

In a recent story on the new American Motors Pacer, the writer stated that the car had plastic doors. AMC informs us that the doors are steel as they are in all the company's

Federal debt impact on U.S. interest rates under sharp debate

The Christian Science Monitor

Washington The federal government will be going into the money market in a big way to finance the federal deficit this year. Top policy makers are unsure of the extent to which this will crowd private borrowers out of the market and drive up interest rates.

A lot will depend on how much the Federal Reserve decides to expand the money supply.

Treasury Secretary William E. Simon sees "considerable dispute" among economists. He figures there will be "some strain" in money markets but the strain "should be manageable."

Federal Reserve chairman Arthur Burns is concerned about the possbility of interest rates going back up, but is not predicting it either. Three top private economists told the Joint Economic Committee that worries over the impact of deficit financing are largely unfounded.

Delicate job ahead

The Federal Reserve will have a delicate job to do in managing the deficit financing. If it does not let the money supply grow fast enough, small borrowers will be crowded out. If it lets it grown too fast, it will be inflationary once the economy begins to recover.

This year the federal government, says Mr. Simon, will have to raise \$75 billion - "more net new money than was raised by all borrowers, public and private, last year or any other year in the past."

If Congress is not willing to curtail spending, he says, the higher deficits "will certainly threaten the private capital markets with intolerable burdens." Even as things stand, there are reasons to "question" whether the decline in interest rates will continue, he adds.

Usually in a recession private borrowing declines enough to allow the government to tap the money markets without creating upward pres-

But this time, says the Treasury chief, private demands are not moderating as much as usual. One reason is that corporations, which borrowed \$26 billion in 1974, will borrow \$30 billion or more in 1975 because they do not want to issue securities in the current depressed stock market.

On the other side Gardner Ackley, ex-President Johnson's top econo mist, flatly disputes Mr. Simon's down predictions. Private borrowing is weak enough that there would be no "significant" problem in marketing federal securities at lower interest rates than exist now even if monetary

policy is not strongly expansionary. Ex-President Nixon's top scoremist, Paul McCracken, believes the financing problem is workable if the money supply is expanded fast enough, but sees at least grounds for concern about the size of the financing

The money supply has been grow ing at an annual rate of only about \$ percent recently, though the Federal Reserve has been easing up. The new chairman of the House Banking Conmittee, Rep. Henry Reuss (D) d Wisconsin, has introduced a bill to require the "Fed" to let the money supply grow at a rate of 6 percent id the next six months.

At the same time he would require the Fed to allocate credit to steel more money into small business. home mortgages, and other "prior ity" areas and away from "nonpro ductive" investment like casinos @ gold speculation. This would be at complished by requiring banks to hold higher reserves against undesirable lending. These two measures are Mr. Reuse's top legislative priorities.

Working against the ability of the government to finance the debt are two other aspects of legislation: \$ boost in the business investment or dit from 7 to 10 or 12 percent, which would stimulate business borrowing and Democratic proposals to speed in spending on public works, housing and public service jobs.

The administration is now for casting a deficit of \$50 billion for the fiscal year starting next July 1 on top of a \$85 billion deficit for the current year. And Mr. Simon worries that the federal borrowing needed to cover that will abort the housing upturn generally expected to occur later this

Salomon Bros. economist Hand Kaufman also said recently that a \$50 billion deficit would raise long-term interest rates "significantly" and even drive short rates back up as the deficit "comes on stream."

With such disagreement among experts, it will apparently be some months before the picture in the financial markets clears.

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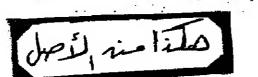
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Environmental charges cleared, but . . .

Sales boost unlikely for SST in the U.S.

Boston

By David F. Salisbury Staff writer of The Christian Science Monitor

The high-flying supersonic transport aircraft still faces an uncertain future.

After three years of study, the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) pas cleared the SSTs of most of the . nvironmental __ charges __ leveled

against them. But, according to industry sources, such problems as airport noise, sonic boom effects, and uncertain financial payoffs make if unlikely that this exoneration will give existing SSTs nuch of a sales boost in the United

":- Coupled with the announcement of the scientific study; John W. Barmum, deputy head of DOT, announced that the Ford administration is not interested in reviving the SST effort. This was canceled in 1971 in the midst of a major controversy over the possible health and environmental effects of . supersonic aircraft.

No government money

"If any companies want to spend money on such a program, they have Agour blessing." Mr. Barnum comments, "but the government won't put any money into it."

The report only attempted to define athe effect of a large fleet of SSTs on

Quick, sure method tracing oil spills

Researchers at the Coast Guard Research and Development Center say they have developed an almost foolproof method of tracking down oil spills.

the stratosphere. It concluded that if 126 Anglo-French Concordes flew 41/4 hours a day their exhaust might thin the Earth's protective ozone layer by only one-half percent.

Because ozone filters out ultraviolet light which has been linked to skin cancer in Caucasions, critics have rigned that a fleet of supersonic aircraft could, in effect, give people

Strongest objections

Another concern has been that SST pollution would create long-lasting clouds in the upper atmosphere. By bouncing sunlight back into space, these could change the climate adversely. The study found that today's supersonic fleet - 18 Concordes and 14 Soviet TU-1448 - presents no

However, the report cautions that without strict regulations on engine exhaust and a monitoring program a large fleet might have "serious consequences."

The strongest public objections to the supersonic transport hinge on their noise level at airports. According to Mr. Barnum, Concordes are as noisy as the first Boeing 707s, while present jetliners are much quieter. However the British Aircraft Corporation argues that the Concordes are only marginally louder than other aircraft. The Federal Aviation Administration is attempting to resolve that issue.

Options dropped

Will SSTs make money? American adrines have dropped their options to buy Concordes. Only Iran Air, the Republic of China's Civil Aviation Administration, and Japan Air Lines are expressing an active interest in the Anglo-French plane.

Agriculture Committee reborn

House panel has new chairman and fresh consumer balance

Washington

By Peter C. Stuart Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

John in lita

Congress's role in American agriculture policymaking - seemingly gone to seed while food prices and shortages gave grown apace — may

be about to revive. The Agriculture Committee of the House of Representatives is returning from the congressional wilderness. And city residents and consumers may be the first to notice the change.

"Agricultural legislation should be for consumers, as much as for farmers and ranchers," says new committee chairman Thomas S. Foley (D) of Washington in an interview. Representative Foley typifies the budding changes. He defies the com-

mittee's old "hayseed" image. Food-stamps champion

The new chairman of the Agriculture Committee - a panel long accused of sleepily hoeing and watering the big sugar, cotton, and wheat interests - is champion of one of the body's most neglected black sheep, the program of food stamps for the poor. And he is a committed liberal, currently chairman of the largest and most influential organization of House liberals, the Democratic Study Group.

Besides the chairmanship, the Agriculture Committee rank and file also is "greening:" Heavy election losses the committee lost nearly one-third of its members - and an enlargement in size means a majority of the newcommittee (22 of 48 members) consists of newcomers.

These include an influx of consumerists, urbanites, and Northeasterners diluting the traditional dominance of Farm Belt congressmen. After years in the congressional wilderness, the Agriculture Committee is once again in demand among issue-oriented lawmakers now the No. 1 most requested committee.

"There will be sharp, new attention to the consumers," Chairman Foley predicts. He sees the end of the era when the committee brought to the House floor "pristine agricultural and rural oriented bills."

Rep. Peter A. Peyser (R) of New York's Bronx and Westchester County, who had been the committee's lone urban member, looks forward - says an aide - to "more of a balance between farmer and consumer interests."

This balance is reflected in the new chairman's own Washington district. Although covering the eastern third of one of the country's four largest wheat-producing states, two-thirds of

Filming of 'The Blue Bird' under way in Leningrad By Reuter

Shooting has begun in Leningrad on the first Soviet-American feature film, "The Blue Bird," directed by George Cukor, Tass news agency has reported.

Among the cast are Elizabeth Taylor and Jane Fonda. But the lead role goes to 18-year-old Soviet star ballerina Nadezhda Pavlova.

its people are city residents in Spo-

The 10-year congressional veteran is popular on Capitol Hill, even among those who disagree with him. Republicans on the committee call him "bright," "easy to work with," "judictious."

Many welcome the change from his often-arbitrary predecessor, Rep. W. R. Poage (D) of Texas, one of three chairmen deposed by House Democrats last week. The outgoing chairman operated the committee under a parliamentary system which he once termed "Poage's rule."

Mr. Foley plays down his differences with Mr. Poage, with whom he enjoyed "a healthy working relationship." But he pledges to run a "fully participatory" committee.

48. Grape

49. Hotel

50. Conceal

51. Fruit of

52. In error

53. Actual being

horse-radis



Peyser: sees more balance

DOWN

African lake

Russian river

Coarse fabric

Buckeye State

Flavoring

5. Trap

7. Effort

Crossword

- Bumpkin Heir 8. Paddle Lease
- Greek letter 3. Cruise port Approval
- Laughable Light-headed Chess pieces Neglectful
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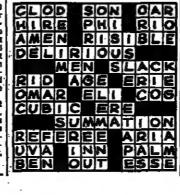
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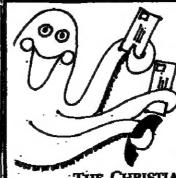
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Ease into India with a sea cruise

By Ralph Hubley Travel editor of The Christian Science Monitor

Bombay In spite of inflation, India is still a travel bargain - once you get here. And there are ways of getting here

at reduced rates, too, through tour packages that take advantage of special \$725 round-trip New York

The latest is an air-sea-land tour program, which can be secured from offices of Air India. It is nearly \$400 cheaper than you would pay when making arrangements separately. Air fare from New York, an eight-day cruise, and a choice of three land tours afterward range from \$1,307 to \$2,190, according to the length of time in India.

In comparison, prices of air-sea cruises to the Caribbean range from \$999 to \$2,490.

If you're thinking you could skip the new sea part of the India package, think twice. It's an ideal way for the travel-weary tourist to prepare to face the rigors of a tight India itinerary, reorient sleeping and eating habits, and receive an India briefing.

Indian tour directors chose the Jupiter of the Epirotiki Lines to open the initial cruise season (Dec. 24, 1974. to Feb. 7, 1975). Many cruise ships call at Bombay on round-the-world voyages, but for the first time travelers may experience cruising Indian

The Greek ship and crew add an international flavor. Both Indian and Western foods are served, announcements are made in many languages to include all aboard, and entertainment ranges from sitar solos to discotheque combos, from Indian and Ceylonese dancers to Greek amateur per-

However, the outstanding features of the Indian cruise are the ports of call: Colombo, Sri Lanka, the Lacca dive Islands, and Goa on the southwest coast of India.

Sri Lanka (formerly called Ceylon). a large tear-shaped island hanging off the southern tip of India, is one of the cleanest and neatest places imagi-

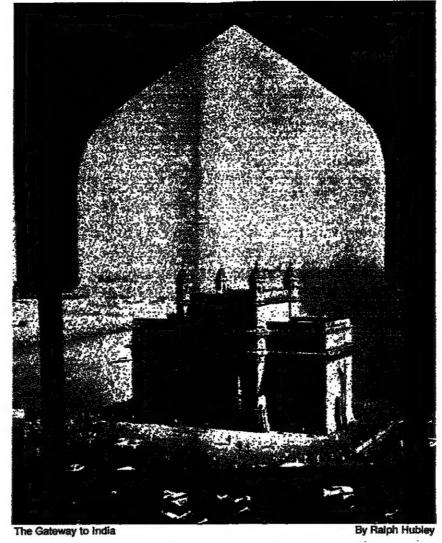
A lush tropical shore offers new beach resorts, and the mountains provide a cool retreat. Most visitors take the shore excursion to Kandy in the foothills, giving them a glimpse of the variety of attractions on the island - the tropical palm-fringed coast, the tea and rubber plantations, and the ruins of ancient cities. And the whole island seems to dance - even the elephants. The ship docks at Colombo's doorstep, and visitors are welcomed by fast-beating drum danc-

Another delightful stop is the Lac-cadive Islands off India's Kerala coast. Ten of the 19 are uninhabited. Here bathing-suited passengers swarm off the ship onto fantailed fishing boats which take more than an hour to wend their way through the protective coral reef. But the white unspoiled beaches, warm azure waters, and waving palms are well

So far, however, this first cruise season out of Bombay has been disappointing to the Indian and Greek backers because of the small initial reponse to and to the passengers because the cruise is not up to luxurycruise standards. There is little choice of menu, and service is not even close to par.

Although some changes have been made to meet the criticism of these first passengers, it may be unfair to expect the same standards in these waters at prices nearly 20 percent less than those in the Caribbean.

And in some cases you can do even



Cruise ships now greet Bombay's famous landmark

better than that. For instance, in Kashmir you can still rent a houseboat for \$16 a day with three meals and staff of four. Entrance to the Taj Mahal in Agra is still only 18 cents -Fridays are free - and haircuts are less than \$1. And a whole bundle of laundry can be returned the same day for less than \$4.

Other noticeable developments in India tourism include: colorful, highquality postcards - last year the only scenic cards available looked as if they were printed many years ago; and second-class hotels, now being completed in major tourist centers, to fill the gap between the luxury accommodations and the Indian-style hostel.

Talcum-powder beaches of restful St. John suit almost any budgets

By Leavitt F. Morris Special to The Christian Science Monitor

St. John, Virgin Islands This smallest of the U.S. Virgin Islands is a year-round retreat for people from all walks of life. Here they may enjoy bright, mellow suntalcum-powder beaches washed by an azure sea and, above all, uninterrupted rest and relaxing recreational activities.

Vacationers coming here who want - and can afford - to be "pampered" will find that the Caneel Bay Plantation Hotel provides all of the comforts associated with most luxurious Caribbean resorts. However, in keeping with the "utter solitude" of the area, none of the 130 double-sized rooms in the beachfront units has telephones, radio, or television.

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Those with limited budgets can for considerably less than it would cost at the hotel - simply "set up camp" in St. John's National Park. which covers nearly two-thirds of the island.

The Cinnamon Bay Camp Ground, located on the north shore of St. John, was established by the U.S. National Park Service in 1964 and ever since has been one of the most sought-after vacation spots on the island. Available are 40 prepared tent sites, 20 beach cottages, and 10 bare sites. A commissary and cafeteria are located on the campground, and all equipment from tents to cooking utensils may be rented.

In addition to swimming, salting fishing, and lazing in the sim, visites can walk over the many trails since St. John is only nine miles long and tust short of five miles wide it visitor can see much of it on foot

The Park Service offers several walking tours through the nature trails that crisscross the island The flowers and trees are always in bloom. It isn't unusual to see will donkeys and pigs, all sorts of harmless little lizards, and the seeming everpresent mongoose.

Professional employed

Nature wasn't too lavish when land scaping St. John, planting only a few flowering plants and trees. Among the few native plants are the white comand sea grape. But man has imported 250 trees and flowering plants which make the island virtually one great

In its effort to further supplement horticulturalist, Alan Ketley, trained at the Royal Botanical Gardens in London. Each Saturday morning Mr. Ketley conducts a nature walk of about an hour and a half, pointing out

One of the greatest delights of visiting here is snorkeling. Trunk Bay is an ideal place to observe small colorful fish and other phenomens, To help the snorkeler find his way under water there are plaques identifying all sorts of beautiful things.

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Sagging fortress besieged by nature

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Cap Haitien, Haiti

Hovering 3,000 feet above the Plaine du Nord, its vast stone prow visible for miles around, Haiti's magnificent fortress Citadel still seems invincible. But a closer look discloses much damage caused by a 150-year slege.

The winding mountain path to the Citadel, up which King Henry Cristophe would gallop when an enemy man-o'-war was sighted off Cap Haitien, has been washed by tropical storms into a steep and dangerous track. The walls of the castle, at times 15 feet thick, have succumbed to the. encroachment of trees, bushes, and red moss, which cover the embattlements like the beard of a buccaneer.

Inside the Citadel, which took a decade to build and was never, in fact, completed, massive bronze and iron cannons and hundreds of rusty 25pound cannonballs lie scattered and abandoned like children's playthings.

Massive crack

"It's a wonder the fortress hasn't collapsed, "Albert Mangones, curator of Haiti's historic sites and monuments, said. "There is a massive crack in the buttress supporting the main tower. Other walls have been weakened by trees and now are being . held together by the roots."

The main obstacle to saving the Citadel is money. Haiti is the poorest country in the Western Hemisphere, lacking even the resources to feed her population. Preservation of historic monuments is therefore necessarily low on the list of government prior-

'During a period of mediocre architecture around the world, the Citadel was brilliant," Mr. Mangones said. "To architects — I'm an architect by

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profession - it's a fascinating and remarkable building."

In Haiti the fortification is known as the Chadel Laterriere, yet no one knows whether or not this was the name of the engineer who built it. Historians and travel writers varicusty credit French, German, and British military engineers, but Mr. Mangones admitted that "we really don't know who constructed it."

Whoever designed and built it, it was clearly the inspiration of King Henry Cristophe, the "black Englishman" who ruled the north of Haiti from 1807 until 1820.

Angry populace

Even before he was proclaimed king in 1811, Cristophe returned thousands of black subjects to slavery and forced them to drag immense stones and heavy cannons up the six-mile slope to the Citadel. Some historians claim that as many as 20,000 persons, mainly slaves, died during its con-

At the foot of the peak, 2,000 feet below the Citadel, King Henry (he always used the English form of his name rather than the French Henri) constructed a magnificent palace called Sans Souci in 17 acres of terraced and landscaped gardens.

As symbols of the oppressor monarch, the Citadel and Sans Souci Palace were looted and ransacked by the angry populace before being surrendered to the tropical flora and

"We say we're proud of the Citadel and Sans Souci," Mr. Mangones said, but we have done little to preserve them. They have been terribly neglected."

Proper attention

With the assistance of the Organization of American States, however, the two buildings are receiving their first proper attention in 150 years. Three

Haiti's Citadel still worth touring

foreign experts in the preservation of monuments are working with Mr. Mangones and his son, Freddy, in determining the current state of damage to the Citadel and Sans Souci and the priorities for future action.

Help needed

Money remains the problem. "We need a minimum budget just to stay at the stage we've reached," Mr. Mangones explained. "If you don't keep cutting down trees and plants from the area you've cleared, it is all overgrown again in no time."

So far the Haitian Government has provided just \$36,000 for expenses at the preliminary stage, but its resources are so limited that private donors must be found to help preserve the monuments.

"My idea is to find the money by creating a Society of Friends of the Citadel," Mr. Mangones went on. "We also need international help in technical know-how. I've contacted the United States Embassy here, and they've promised to see what can be

Travel update

U.S. parks require backpack permits

To protect fragile back-country areas, backpackers will be required to obtain free permits to hike in 23 U.S. national parks this year.

The permits will be issued for specified trails in remote areas and they will be limited to the numbers that the trails and campsites can accommodate without environmental damage.

Back-country users should write to the superintendent of the park where they wish to hike for the details on the program in that park.

Backpacking in the national parks has increased dramatically in recent years and reached nearly 2 million camper-days in 1973.

An additional value of the program is safety. It enables park rangers to have a better idea of the location of backpackers to provide faster help if

Travel



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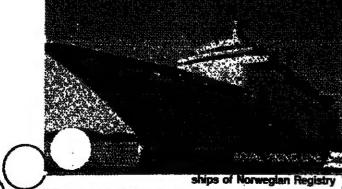
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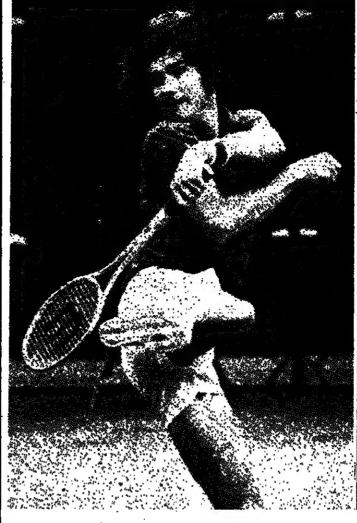
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sports





Jimmy Connors (left) and Rod Laver

<u>Laver vs. Connors</u>

\$100,000 worth of pro tennis

after May.

By Ross Atkin Sports writer of

The Christian Science Monitor

The night people of Las Vegas may

be in mid-slumber when Jimmy Connors and Rod Laver meet in Sunday afternoon's \$100,000 winner-takes-all match, but the tennis world should be wide awake. The long-awaited duel will decide

the question of tennis superiority — at least temporarily — between the lefthanded sluggers.

The battle, a stag version of the Riggs' net extravaganzas, is being called the "heavyweight match of the century" by Pancho Gonzales, host pro at Caesars Palace.

Ringside tickets at the specially built 4,000-seat pavilion are going for \$100. The match will be carried on national television by CBS.

Earned No. 1 Ranking

One might wonder why Laver and Connors are meeting for the first time.

For one, The Rocket is 14 years older than the 22-year-old Connors. During many of the years Laver bashed away at opponents in Paris and Madrid, little Jimmy was learning his two-fisted backhand on the courts of Bellville, Ill.

More recently, Laver has played on the star-studded World Championship Tennis circuit, while Connors, at the urging of his manager Bill Riordan,

This past year Connors won Forest Hills and Wimbledon and earned the No. 1 ranking in the world. But Laver. played an abbreviated schedule

which included only two tournaments

Laver may have problems

In picking his spots, Rod wound up with a 70 percent winning percentage against the top 25 players and a No. ? renking.

that the supremely confident Connors is at the peak of his game, Laver carries the underdog label. But there are those who think the

Because many of the experts feel

Rocket still has all the tools to humble his young opponent. "I think Rod will win if he performs like he did when he played Davis Cup against us," says George Toley, University of Southern California tennis

coach. "He's a better overall tennis player than Connors at this point." Jack Kramer, director of the Association of Tennis Professionals, agrees with Toley, but hedges a little. 'I have no doubt that Laver's the better player than Jimmy. The question is whether Laver, with his lack of

best game and maintain it over five sets. Connors, of course, is the more match-tested over the past 24 months.

match play, will be able to play h,

On Sunday he finished off Billy Martin in two sets to win the Birmingham (Ala.) International Indoor, a mildly challenging warmup for the showdown in Nevada. To put an added coat of polish on his game, Connors will begin working out with his coach, Pancho Segura, in Las Vegas on

 $\mathbb{R}^{n+2}\mathbb{C}^{n}$

Thursday. Segura sees the match this way: Jimmy will win because he's younger and quicker. And you have to have a strong serve to hurt Jimmy and Laver doesn't. The question is whether Jimmy can penetrate. And Laver will be up for this one."

Laver has been "on location" since Monday, practicing with his close friend and tennis sparring partner, Roy Emerson. Before heading west, Laver's confidence received a tremendous boost when he knocked off Arthur Ashe 6-3, 7-5 and won a \$102,500 tournament in Puerto Rico.

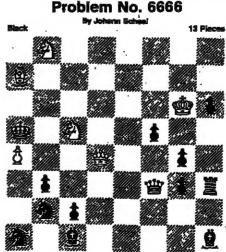
There is some question about the value such battle royals have for tennis. Sure, they attract a lot of attention but at the same time they may detract from the tournaments, which have been the sports' bread and

"I'd hate to see a trend start," says Jack Kramer. "It's just a way for a couple of guys to make a lot of money. What does it prove? The worse thing that could happen is that people could start making a lot of money without doing much."

Problem No. 6665

By Frederick R. Chevalier repared for The Christian Science Monito

Problem No. 6666



White to play and mate in three (First prize, Mgasinet, 1950.)

P-KKt3

End-Game No. 2187 ₫

White to play and win (Luft-Strecker, from a German match, 1974.)

37 P-QB4

38 PxQP

40 PxP 41 BxP

42 BxR

43 P-Q6 44 R-Q 45 Q-Q4

47 K-R2 48 P-R4

49 P-QKt4

50 Q-K5

P-Kt4 P-KR4 R-K

QxKt QxB

O-Kt4 Kt-Q2 B-K3

Q-KKt4

Q-Q Kt-B3

Kt-K

QxQP

KtxQ

Kt-Kt2 K-R2

K-KI3 PxP P-B3 K-R3

K-R3 P-K13 KxP

K-B2

K-K2 B-Q4

Kt-Q3

Kt-QB3

KKt-K2

B-KKt5

Q-Q2 P-QR3

KtxKt

KR-K

QR-Q

B-B2

B-Q3 PxP

0-0

Karpov White

5 KKt-B3

6 B-Kt5

8 Kt-Kt3

9 QKtxP

10 P-B3 11 Q-R4 12 B-K3

13 B-K2

14 QxKt 15 Q-Q2 16 QR-Q

17 B-Kt6

18 BxB

19 KR-K

Solutions to Problems

Na. 6663 Q-R7 No. 6664 1 B-B2,Kt-Kt7; 2 P-Q3 if 1 . . . Kt-B7; 2 P-Q4 if 1 . . . Kt-B6; 2 PxKt If 1 ... KtxP; 2 PxKt

Uppsala A.S.J.T., 1945.)

End-Game No. 2186. White won with 29 PxPch, R-Kt4; 30 QxRch, KxQ; 31 P-87. Q-Q; 32 R-KB, Q-KB; 33 PxP. P-R4; 34 P-K6, K-Kt3; 35 R-B2, P-Kt4; 36 P-QR3, P-Kt5; 37 PxP, PxP; 38 P-K7, QxBP; 39 RxQ, KxR; 40 PxP, KxP; 41 K-B2, K-Q3; 42 K-K3, K-B3; 43 K-Q4, P-Kt4; 44 P-R3, K-Kt4; 45 KxP, KxP; 46 K-K5, resigns.

Huebner first at Houston The Houston International went to the

highest rated contestant, Robert Huebner of West Germany. He finished a half-point in front of Aleksandar Matanovic, Huebner's rating is 2615 and Matanovic's is 2490, so this result might be expected, but not that of the United States player. Edmar Mednis, who finished third. His rating is 2458, and he had already gained the rank of an international master. This result qualifies him for a grandmaster rating, but he must repeat the perfor-

Huebner won an easy point against William Martz of Wisconsin. Nonetheless, Martz achieved his second international master norm.

King's Indian Defense Martz White 16 QR-Q

P-KKt3 B-Kt2 17 P-Kt3 P-Q4 P-Q3 Kt-QB3 KtxP 18 PxP BxKt 4 P-QB4 19 KtxKt 20 B-Q4 Kt-Kt KtxB P-K4 Kt-QB3 Q-KB2 B-QB3 RxR P-K4 21 KtxKt P-KB4 22 Kt-B2 23 RxRch 24 QxRP 8 KKt-K2 Kt-KB3 9 O-O 10 PxP R-Q7 B-Kt4 O-O PxP 25 Kt-Kt4 B-B QxP 11 P-B4 **P-K5** 26 R-K 27 P-QR3 12 K-R 13 PxPep R-Q8 28 QxP 14 B-K3 B-K3 Resigns **Q-K2** 15 Q-R4

Korchnoi foiled again The 16th game of the Karpov-Korchnoi

metch was another French Defense. Korchnol once again was unconcerned about his isolated QP. When he lost this pawn on the 38th move, complications developed with possibilities on both sides. But Karpov defended well, and Korchnol could only draw.

16th Game

French Defense Kerchnol Black P-K3 Karpov White 3 Kt-Q2 P-Q4 4 KPxP

51 R-K4 52 QxQ 53 R-Q4 54 P-K14 55 K-K13 56 K-B4 57 PxP P-R3 B-B4 20 P-KR3 21 B-B 22 OxR RxR 23 R-Q2 24 Q-K2 **B-K5** Kt-R4 Q-KB3 26 Kt-R2 Q-QKt3 58 R-Q 59 R-Q4 60 P-R5ch 61 P-QKI5 27 Kt-B3 K1-B3 Kt-K4 29 P-B3 .30 Q-K B-Kt3 Kt-Q2 Q-R4 62 PxP 63 P-Kt6 31 Q-B2 32 P-R3 33 Kt-Kt3 64 R-Q2 65 R-QB2 66 R-B7ch **B-B4** 34 Kt-Q4 B-Kt3 35 Kt-B2 Kt-B3 67 R-R7 P-QB4 36 Kt-K3 Drawn

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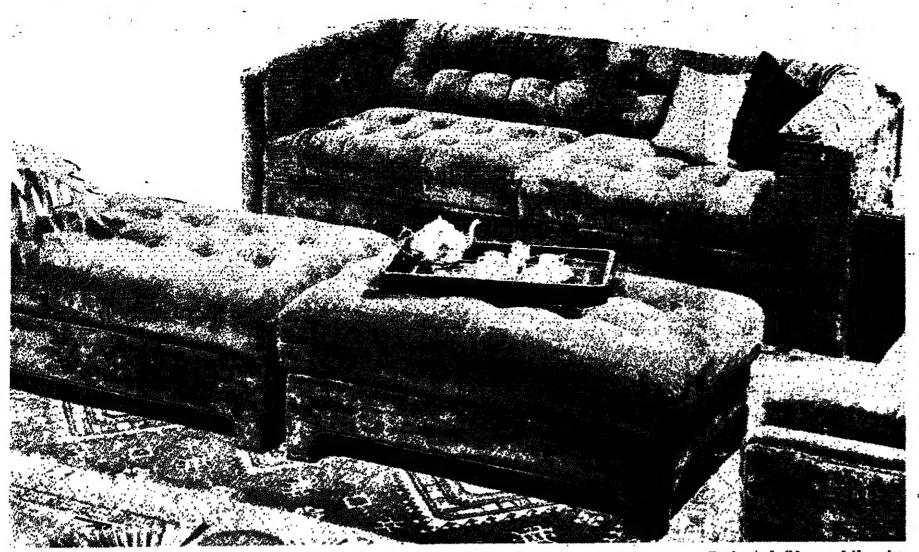
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Costs are up but what about value?

Furnituremakers face up to consumer demands

By Marilyn Hoffman Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor.

Home furnishings may cost more in 1975, but they may give more value,

Manufacturers who showed at the International Home Furnishings Market in Chicago recently are, on the whole, trying to rise to the demand of the national economy and of the widespread consumer-action movement with furnishings that look better and last longer.

At Kroehler, for instance, where mass sofa sales now are in the \$339 bracket, the company acknowledges that product "performance" has become the top criterion of purchase. "Getting your money's worth" has become common cause for customers, and they are demanding built-in

"For that reason," says a Kroehler official, "we are not trying to compete at the low-end promotional level. We are building into furniture what middle- and upper-income people want most, and then charging what we have to charge."

Return to basics

Despite the fact that steel, upholstery fabrics, and inner-construction materials rose steeply this past year, companies are putting their modern technologies to work in more innovative ways in order to come up with furnishings that give good value although necessarily higher in price. More nylon, Orlon, and olefin uphol-

stery fabrics, for instance, are being used because of their durability.

At Dunbar Furniture Corporation, its president, Michael V. Parrott, says "We believe the coming year will witness a retreat from superficiality in furniture to basic good design and top product quality."

"If the nation's experts can't agree on how to cope with our economy, people surely aren't going to rush out in droves and plunk down lots of money for roomfuls of furniture," comments Joseph Macedo, president of Directional Industries, Inc. "They are going to look for one piece at a time, something they can add to, something that will fill a genuine need now, or for that occasional item that will freshen up a room's decor. Inflation has spurred an intense awareness of value."

Bolstering confidence

Flexsteel Industries vice-president Art D. Richardson refers to early 1975 as "the period of the shaken consumer," and says his company, like others, is striving to bolster consumer confidence. "We are trying to utilize our-manufacturing strengths in order to reduce prices, not raise them," he

After several years of booming business, manufacturers in today's slowdown economy are trying to. respond to the new hard fact:

The consumer in today's market is selective and will demand quality merchandise at a reasonable price. He will do more comparison shopping than ever before. And he will insist on

At the recent Chicago midwinter furniture market, manufacturers agreed that customers more interested in built-in value today than ever before.

quality, durability, and practicality in the furnishings that he feels must serve him well for years to come.

As for style, the bicentennial cele bration is continuing to inspire literally dozens of new furniture, wall covering, fabric, and carpet collections. It is a theme so rich in variety, history, and design possibilities that it can include "Pilgrim" plainness, as interpreted by Conant Ball in sturdy oak, the 18th-century elegance of Williamsburg-type furnishings such as Hickory Furniture Company's new 'American masterpiece collection," which comprises faithfully reproduced museum pieces, or Century Furniture Company's homey "country casual" collection in light honeycolored pine.

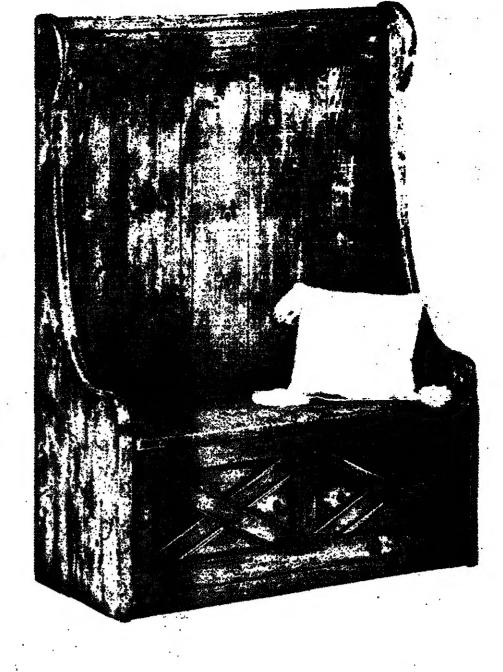
Husky, dusky pine pieces are everywhere; maple is back with a splash; and cherry and mahogany are being "Early American" in all its myriad manifestations is due to have its day.

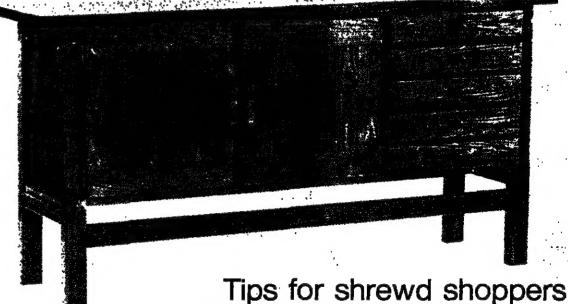
We will particularly see a great resurgence of highboys, camelback sofas, Chippendale wing chairs, crewel-fabrics, and family portraits hung in ornate gilt frames.

Colors brought back

Art Deco, the popular design movement of the 1920s and '30s, is a second significant trend. It has brought back into decorating prominence such "oldie" colors as bottle or forest green, burgundy red, dusty old rose, the apricot-to-rust range, and plum-y red-purples. It has returned mohair to upholstery (this time in acrylic fi-

Basics to build around if you're adding one piece: Recent Chicago furniture market showed multipurpose units. Brown rayon velvet wraps Stratford Furniture's sofa and giant ottomans (above). Gordon Perlmutter designed for Butler Specialty Co. versatile settle chest with storage under seat. Pilgrim styling scaled for many 20th-century needs in buffet (below) designed by Colman Zola for Consut Ball Co.





bers), revived blond wood finishes, and mirrored and lacquered furni-

The fanciful linear abstractions of Art Deco design are seen in accessories as well as furniture, and they promise to be around for a few years. to come.

The sectional sofa, or modular seating, is important today. Multiple seating arrangements that can adjust to changing needs, and be added to as money allows, have caught on at every level. Most modular seating is contemporary in styling, the fastestgrowing design category in home furnishings today.

dustries, shares a few guidelines for shrewd shoppers who want to buy wisely in 1975;

• Don't be fooled by fads. Even when a low price tag gives a whimsical piece of furniture instant appeal, the purchase can seldom be regarded as a bargain. Its here-today, gone-tomorrow attraction makes it a luxury at any price. Time tested traditional styles or clean contemporary pieces are the designs that will continue to earn their keen over the years.

• Look for technological innovations that cut costs. New materials and construction techniques can provide durability and good looks today at reasonable prices. Don't be afraid, for instance, to investigate those new four-stage engraving processes that mean that maple, pine, and oak wood finishes can be simulated in performance-tested longlasting vinyl "veneers." They mean a panel headboard can be sold for about \$29, and a Colonial triple dresser for as little as \$154.

 Opt for a multipurpose over a one-way-only style. Most manufacturers today are making chests, dressers, tables, and desks that look equally well in any room, and that move easily into the next house or apartment. These versatile pieces are the ones that supply long-term investment benefits.

Home repairs, tools, how to use them

"Go forth and fix," admonish the authors of a new easy-to-follow home repair guide. "Recipes for Home Repairs," by Alvin Ubell and Sam Bittman (New York: Quadrangle, \$8.85) takes the apartment dweller and home owner by the hand and leads them through a wide variety of do-it-yourself steps.

Set up in cookbook form, the book's 102 recipes include: patch plaster, fix furniture, unclog drains, replace a lamp socket, repair a garden hose. Each recipe is accompanied by diagrams that show the reader how to cope with most home repair problems. First, he assembles the list of "ingredients" (equipment and materials), then reads the recipe through, and he is ready to go - whether it is carpentry, electricity, plumbing, or masonry.

And since there is nothing more basic to home repair than the proper tools, the authors explain, with words and illustrations, the use of hammers, screwdrivers (flat or Phillips), saw (crosscut and back), drills (hand and electric), files, and soldering irons. An "anatomy of the home" provides a list of various architectural terms. from chimney cap to basement floor slab. A miniature home-repair reference center concludes the volume.

Founder and owner of a private firm of building inspectors and construction consultants, author Ubell is also president of the Building Control Corporation of America. Co-author Bittman was formerly editor of the Brooklyn Heights Press. Both men are ardent advocates of brownstone rehabilitation.

Nail latches for double-hung windows

The nail latch may be used in conjunction with any other latch on your window for additional protection. We like it a great deal because it has good safety value and a homey quality. And you'll like it because it just takes a

Electric or hand drill 3/16-inch diameter high-

INGREDIENTS

4-inch common nails (count on 4 per double sash).

APPROXIMATE TIME: 10 MINUTES PER SASH ☐ 1. Close window securely.

2. Drill holes into both sides of sash as shown in Figure 25A. If done correctly, the holes will extend through the

sash into window frame.

O 3. Insert a nail into each hole. Window is now securely locked.

4. Nails may be removed to open windows. 5. An alternate method is illustrated in Figure 25B.

From Recipes for Home Repairs, Quadrangle

Paint to 'change' room and other helpful tips

By the Associated Press

72/4

Our living room is rather small. We intend to paint it for the first time since we moved in four years ago. Can you give us some tips on what colors to use to make the room seem larger?

Generally, a small room can be made to appear larger with the use of light colors. Painting the walls and woodwork the same color also will make a room seem larger. In selecting the colors, remember that the color chip sample will look lighter than the painted wall.

This isn't a question, but rather a tip some readers might make use of. I recently had need for a good-size desk, but didn't want to spend the money they were asking. I took two old filing cabinets I had - the type with two large drawers that stand 28 inches high - and repainted them. I bought a piece of plywood threequarters of an inch thick and cut it 26 inches one way and 44 inches the other. I then placed the two cabinets in line with each other, separated enough so that it was 26 inches from the side of one to the side of the other. I placed the plywood across the cabinets. Then I drilled holes in the metal and fastened the top of the plywood to the cabinets. The result: a businesslike, handsome deskespecially after I had finished the plywood with a scale and varnish. The best part of it is that the filing cabinets can still be used for filing or anything else required.

Thanks for a practical way to solve a problem with \$ minimum outlay.

Can I use enamel over an old varnished surface?

In nearly all cases, yes. Once in a great while, the stain on the wood will bleed through. If you want to be 100 percent certain, apply an enamel undercoat to a small area and wait a couple of days. If no discoloration shows, it is safe to proceed with undercoating. If bleeding does occur, apply a coat of stain sealer. Wait at least 24 hours, sand very lightly, wipe off the dust and then go shear with the undercoating.

(ملذا منه المله)

Out of prison

Almost moralizing

I sometimes feel as though I were very strange as a child who was little -Looking out from the warmth, a picture of one small boy, peering down on tops of trees; the outlook of a second-story window:

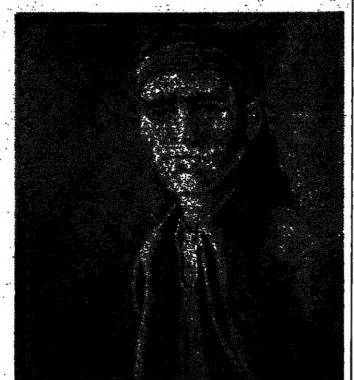
From an old white farmhouse that stood alone on an autumn hill -There was a doubly-terraced lawn. and a friendly weeping willow there was the barn standing out back, and an orchard set off to the side:

From two flights up a poem chant floats a sudden beige moth seeks the source of light -While the creek runs deep in spots, where the crabapples whistle across whipped by boys and their slender sticks. Jack L. Anderson

Jack L. Anderson is in a prison in Pennsylvania

a child in baggy pants and suspenders carries a small pail and shovel avoiding sidewalk cracks down to the beach crunching cracker jacks and dreaming of the day he will run away with the circus reaching the sun-dancing blue sea he lets go a mighty whistle then waiting patiently for an answer the neigh from his seahorse smiles his eyes to his castle he sets to work complete with drawbridge and most when suddenly a wind springs up the clouds grow wild and scary but he won't leave his castle unguarded closing his eyes tight he dreams of a spring aplashed day in greens of easter eggs intricately designed of a black rabbit with blue eyes. upon opening his eyes peace has returned to the skies and washed up to the shore lies a cone-shaped shell to sing ocean dreams to him

Wayne Welch Wayne Welch is in a prison in California



Courtesy of Alleen Smith "Self-portrait": Oil on canvas by Kevin LeMay

State of mind

This "Self-portrait" has been painted by Kevin LeMay, who, at 23 has been in and out of prison since he was nine years old. He was taught painting by Aileen Smith, who visited Concord Prison in Massachusetts every Sunday afternoon for four years as a volunteer art instructor. Her observation on those Sunday sessions conveys the potency of the visits: 'It was as if the bars melted away on Sunday afternoon."

It is clear that the painting goes beyond just getting a resemblance. The artist has penetrated his own face. He looked at himself as perhaps he had never done before. And his reading was correct, according to his art teacher. Though the jaw and mouth seem stronger than in real life, those eyes are accurate. Even the overall drab, pea-soup color of the painting reveals a precise

Through painting, this young artist has been able to gain a glimpse into a foreign, almost unapproachable world of self-confidence, selfknowledge, and to a certain extent, self-respect.

Whenceforth I now found remembering something to be as it is

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姓謡 through the reeds of Tomorrow Love for a moment was

Edmund I. Watts

Edmund I. Watts is in a prison in Can- Didn't He also give us each other?

Untitled

A rose is called beautiful. Is a dandelion less?

A horse is known for grace. Wasn't it an ass that Jesus rode?

Gold is called precious. Is lead less pure?

He gave this world to each of us.

Remembering the alone

Taking a walk through woods and weeds, as a child up over the hill. brings a waking smile to the eyes which taking hold will firmly root in ideals.

of stalk. and seed. and spring.

As writing is a prime pastime of prisoners, it's unfortunate that so much of the prose and poetry produced by American prisoners is concerned with the trite and tired themes of the prison community: riots, escapes, assaults and uncomfortable living conditions. The writing is invariably hypercritical and there is a tendency to romanticize confinement; its causes and consequences: As a result, the public entertains the impression that all prisoners are pathological misfits, political prisoners, or Paul Newmans in stripes. One extreme or the

My own attempt to write creatively in prison began with the suggestion of a prison psychologist that I keep a diary. He felt it would be invaluable in terms of providing material for self-understanding at a later date. I have since filled eight notebooks, and to say they provide material for analysis is startling understatement.

The first notebook reflects the triteness and self-consciousness of the novice diarist. There is little subjectivity and virtually no expression of interior illumination.

74

But prison prompts a passion for privacy and gradually my diary became my sanctuary and real refuge. I began to write about things of a personally painful nature and discovered a sense of emotional exhilaration by merely expressing. them. I recorded details of an unhappy childhood, my mother's drug addiction, my self-destructive criminality, descriptions of dreams, and

relations with people in my past. Periodically I would go over all. that I'd written. If a certain day's entry reflected my anger or irritation with someone or something, I. tried to determine why I felt as I

My diary was delivered from diurnal doodling the night I was informed of my stepfather's suicide. We had been very close and I blamed my mother. As a means of irrational retaliation, I sat down and wrote sixteen pages in my diary describing what I hated about her. I remember finishing the entry and pacing my cell; hurt, angry, confused. As if to erase the memory, I tore out the pages, crumpled them, and set a match to them.

For long minutes I stared at the

flames and knew I was again running from myself and the things which had long tormented me. I went back to my diary, rewrote the incident, and this time I tried to discover the things which had influenced my mother's problems. I had spent my life villifying and condemning her. Never had I tried

My diary underwent meaningful metamorphosis from that moment. I began it with no conscious thought of writing with grace, euphony, or the other components of style. Actually, I didn't know what they were. I had entered prison with a tenth grade education and had I tried to write a note for the milkman, it probably would have been rejected.

"Fool, look in thy heart and write!" Somehow, it always seems sim-

The Monitor's daily religious article

More than you can do?

seemed far too limited to meet the demands of living, and I would become afraid and wor-

Christian Science has changed all this. It has shown me that man's ability comes from God, who provides us with the strength, wisdom, and guidance to meet any challenge. The Apostle Paul must have known this. He said, "I can do all things through Christ which strengtheneth me."1

How did I begin to respect myself more?

First, I learned more of God that He is infinite Mind, divine Love, ever-present Principle, the only creator. He has made man my real spiritual identity and everyone else's - in His own image and has endowed man with unbounded intelligence, energy, and

I learned, too, that the restrict-

Ricordo i tanti giorni durante i

quali le mie abilità e capacità sem-

bravano troppo limitate per poter

far fronte alle esigenze dell'esisten-

za, e ciò mi sgomentava e mi pre-

tutto questo. Mi ha dimostrato che

l'abilità dell'uomo proviene da Dio,

che ci provvede la forza, la sag-

gezza e la guida con cui far fronte

a qualsiasi sfida. L'apostolo Paolo

deve aver saputo tutto questo. Egli

disse, « To posso ogni cosa in Colui

In che modo cominciai a provare

Anzitutto, approfondii la mia conoscenza di Dio — imparai che

Egli è Mente infinita, Amore divino,

Principio onnipresente, il solo crea-

tore. Egli ha fatto l'uomo — la mia

vera identità spirituale, e quella di

tutti gli altri - a Sua propria im-

magine, e lo ha dotato di intelli-

Inoltre imparai che le suggestioni

limitatrici che affermavano che le

conoscenza aiuta a distruggere le

false asserzioni limitatrici. Questa

accompagna lo sforzo per far fronte

a una società in cui sembra vi sia

Spesso, per confrontare questa

pressione menzognera, è essenziale

fare sforzi persistenti per stabilire

quietamente nel pensiero la pre-

senza e il controllo di Dio. Forse

avete già udita la storiella dell'uomo

che lavorava vigorosamente per

abbattere degli alberi usando una

scure spuntata. Un suo amico, no-

tando che il lavoro procedeva lenta-

mente, gli chiese perchè non lo

interrompeva un momento per af-

filare l'ascia. « Non ho tempo »,

quegli replicò. «Devo affrettarmi

ad abbattere questi alberi ». Allo

stesso modo, anch'io sentivo di non

avere il tempo necessario per im-

parare chi veramente fossi, per af-

frontare le esigenze del mio mondo,

Colui che dedica il tempo neces-

sario ad « affilare l'ascia » — a raf-

forzare la sua comprensione del

spesso minaccioso.

pochissimo da offrire.

genza, energia e amore illimitati.

più rispetto verso me stesso?

La Scienza Cristiana* ha cambiato

[This is an Italian translation of today's religious article]

-I-can recall so many days when ing suggestions that argued that "I've got to hurry and cut down my abilities and capabilities my capabilities were limited surely didn't come from God, but were the outcome of a false belief in a material mind quite apart from the one divine Mind. The understanding of the allness of Mind, I realized, nullifies the belief in a mortal mind and its falsities, and this knowledge helps destroy the erroneous arguments of limitation. This perception destroyed my fear and freed me from the constant anxiety that accompanies trying to cope in a society where one seems to have very little to offer.

> Often it is essential in meeting the lie of such pressure, to make persistent effort to quietly establish in thought God's presence and control. Perhaps you've heard the story about the man vigorously cutting down trees with a dull ax. A friend, noting his slow progress, asked him why he didn't stop and sharpen his ax. "I haven't got time," he replied.

these trees." I felt the pressure of time, too, to learn who I really was, to come to grips with the demands of my often forbidding One who takes time to

"sharpen his ax" - to strengthen his understanding that as a child of God he is given by his Father the needed ability to overcome temptation, prejudice, lack of education, or a miserable childhood, will find himself capable of fulfilling any right endeavor. And he'll find himself proving this in all kinds of ways. For instance, I remember a friend of mine - a student of Christian Science who was given only two hours to get out an urgent and complicated report that ordinarily would have taken a full day. Before undertaking the work, he took time to realize that God was giving him the intelligence and ability to do what he had to do. In his true, spiritual being he knew he expressed divine Truth and Love, and that there was no power other than God - such as fear - that could prevent him from going ahead with what was expected of him. Two hours later he had completed the assignment.

Mary Baker Eddy, who discovered and founded Christian Science, says: "A knowledge of the Science of being develops the latent abilities and possibilities of man. It extends the atmosphere of thought, giving mortals access to broader and higher realms. It raises the thinker into his native air of insight and perspicacity."2 And this is true of each one of us.

You can't cope?

Don't believe it. Turn from this lying suggestion and understand that divine Mind is endowing you with all you need, and that, relying on God, you can do whatever is required of you.

Philippians 4:13: Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, p. 128.

mie abilità erano limitate certa-Robert Paul Dunn Jack L. Anderson mente non provenivano da Dio, ma dell'essere sviluppa le abilità e le Robert Paul Dunn is in a prison in possibilità latenti dell'uomo. Estenerano invece il risultato di una falsa de l'atmosfera del pensiero, dando credenza in una mente materiale completamente separata dalla diai mortali accesso a sfere più vaste vina Mente una. Capii che la come più elevate. Eleva il pensatore Reflections of a prison diarist of prensione della totalità della Mente alla sua sfera nativa di penetrazione e di perspicacia ».º E questo è vero annulla la credenza in una mente mortale con le sue falsità, e questa di ciascuno di noi

occupava.

che mi fortifica >.1

to understand her.

Now when I experience the creative tension of sitting with pen poised, staring at a blank sheet of paper, I recall Sir Philip Sydney's sage insistence:

Nick DiSpoido

Nick DiSpoido la in a prison in Ar-

Più di quanto possiate fare? per superare la tentazione, i pregiudizi, la mancanza di educazione o un'infanzia infelice, si troverà in grado di compire qualsiasi impresa giusta. E si troverà provando questa capacità in vari modi. Per esempio, rammento un mio amico - uno studente della Scienza Cristiana al quale furono date soltanto due ore per completare un rapporto. urgente e complicato, che ordinariamente gli avrebbe presa una giornata intera. Prima di intraprendere il lavoro, dedicò il tempo necessario alla realizzazione del fatto che Dio gli stava dando l'intelligenza e l'abilità di fare quanto doveva fare. Si rese conto del fatto che nel suo vero essere spirituale egli esprimeva la Verità e l'Amore divini, e che all'infuori di Dio non esisteva. alcun potere - come la paura capace di impedirgli di continuare e completare ciò che gli era stato da iare. Due ore dopo, aveva mnito il rapporto.

Mary Baker Eddy, che scoprì e fondò la Scienza Cristiana, dice: « Una conoscenza della Scienza

Non potete lottare e vincere? Non credetelo. Distoglietevi da percezione distrusse la mia paura e questa suggestione menzognera alla mi liberò dall'ansietà costante che comprensione del fatto che la Mente divina vi sta dando tutto quello di cui avete bisogno, e che, affidandovi a Dio, potete fare tutto ciò che vi viene richiesto.

² Filip. 4:13, ² Sciensa e Salute con Chiave delle Scrittere, pag. 128.

*Christian Salence: el pronuncia Cri'atlan Sal'ens. La traduzione Italiana del libro di teato della Solenza Cristiana, Scienza e Salute con Chiave delle Scriiture di Mary Baker Eddy, si può avere con testo a tronto la fin-glese. Si può acquistarte nelle Sale di Lettura della Scien-za Cristiana, oppure da Frances C. Carison, Publisher's Agent, One Norway Street, Soston, Massachusetta, U.S.A. 62115.

Daily Bible verse

What do ye imagine against the Lord? he will make an utter end: affliction shall not rise up the secfatto che, come figlio di Dio, gli à data dal Padre l'abilità necessaria ond time, Nahum 1:9

On finding friend

I was not thinking of acquiring a pen pal. Had it not been for its strange location - a letter to the editor in the midst of one of those tiny, local papers consisting of advortisements and area happenings ... I might not have given his letter a second thought. As it was, I wondered at its being there and read it several times. He was simple and direct. He had no family any more and found prison a lonely place. Would someone out there write to a 34-year-old black man who was an avid reader and liked music and children?

A lonely, black male prisoner? The "male" was the part that made me hesitate. I was not at all sure my husband would approve of regular correspondence, however platonic, with someone of the opposite sex. The newspaper ended up folded under my typewriter for two

Finally I spoke to my husband about it. He was hesitant, as I thought he would be ("you'd give him your address?") but thoughtful ("no one writes to him but his lawyer?") and in the end gave his stamp of approval ("do whatever you think"). I wrote the next day.

The reply came soon. He was happy to hear from me. No one else had written. He hoped I would "be constant."

We shared our common interests - books ('have you read . . . "), nature, children, music - and explored our differences. I told him about hornets' nests and raising earthworms and hiking on the Long ... and discussed our concepts of faith

Trail. He spoke of life in a prison dormitory and of the city street where he lived as a child.

At first he spoke little of prison ("serving a 15-year sentence for burglary") but gradually he began to express his thoughts (". . . many people have the conception that all, or mostly all, guys in prison are hard-core criminals and this is not so") and while he did not speak of the actual events that brought him into prison, he discussed the changes he had undergone ("I've lived a very unconventional life in the past but I've never done anything violent or immoral. . . " "I know I'm a better man than I was before . . . I feel different. I think different.")

We shared also bits of philosophy

and religion. His own faith was growing and alive ("I think God lives in us all . . . and the good and humanitarian things which we do are manifestations of Him.") Once when we had been relating our experiences of prejudice, he closed with a quote from Madame Curie. ("Nothing in life is to be

feared. It is only to be understood.") Perhaps the greatest thing we shared, though, was a growing understanding of each other. I had tried to add a new dimension to his life, only to learn that my own horizons were being enlarged. And within the space of not so many letters, I discovered that I had not acquired a pen pal after all _ I had found a friend.

Elizabeth Spencer

The healing touch God's love

In the Bible God promises, "I will restore health unto thee, and I will heal thee of thy wounds."

Are you longing for a greater assurance of God's healing care? Perhaps a fuller and deeper understanding of God may be required of you. A book that can help you is Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures by Mary Baker Eddy. This is a book that brings to light God's ever-present goodness, His power and His love.

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Opinion and commentary

PLIBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Thank you for the informative

torial "Gun control, 1975." Wh

read that 800,000 persons had to

killed by privately owned handen

Revolution - I was horrified.

this century - more than all the

deaths in all the wars since the

The response I have had in corre-

spondence with my senators has been

far from satisfactory so far as out-

lining their stance in support of a

federal gun-control law. And when

one considers how helpless we are as

individuals to back such control in the

face of strong anti-gun-control lob-

bies, it is discouraging. It may sound

a bit childish, but one thing we can to

is refuse to purchase anything from

any company who sells handging to

I hope you will continue to keep this

issue alive, and that the public will

become so aroused that they will

create a roar that will be heard in

South Freeport, Maine Lacy Hinton

You mention that London had only

two handgun murders in 1972. What

you failed to mention is that London

police do not carry handguns. In my

opinion it's time that the pro-gun-

control people begin to deal in mil

truths, and begin to realize that this

country is going to be in a sad state of

affairs if the law-abiding citizen will

not be able to own handguns, while the

police and Army are permitted to

carry and use handguns. Further-

lives. I know a nurse who carries a .22

automatic for protection despite the

fact that if caught she would be liable

to seven years in prison. People who

have guns for protection will not be

convinced that taking their guns and

not the criminal's guns will make

New York City has outlawed every

form of self-defense including tear-

gas pens. The New York City metro-

politan statistical area is ranked first

of the largest 15 U.S. cities in all

violent crime (except forcible rape).

New York City's robbery rate is two

and a half times higher than the

average of the largest 15 U.S. cities

New York City will jail a citizen for

having tear gas but criminals are

a usarmed helpless citizenry is part

of New York City's religion. Your only

defense in New York City is carrying

at least \$10.00 so you won't make your

(New York City included).

wasting his valuable time.

things safer — it isn't logical.

the public.

Washington.

armed police.

Boulder, Colo.

Hope for oil dialogue

the world's oil exporters and oil importers have yet to begin a dialogue. Such a dialogue is extremely urgent and therefore the OPEC nations' agreement in Algiers to participate in an international conference on world economic problems must be viewed as a promising step.

It is to be hoped that this move will help defuse the sense of confrontation which has been building between the producers and consumers. Both sides agree to the crucial need for a summit but within each camp there are differences over how to proceed and what tactics to use.

Washington, for its part, has pushed a tougher stance toward the oil producers than have its European partners. Secretary Kissinger has sought a united consumer front first and favors a preliminary meeting of the oil producers and the industrialized powers before proceeding to a large parley embracing the poorer oil-consuming nations.

His scheme for a \$25 billion fund to help recycle surplus petrodollars, his warnings about "strangulation" of the West, and even the Ford administration's imposition of an immediate tax on crude oil imports must be seen as part of the strategy of standing up to the

The Europeans, on the other

A decisive vote in the British

referendum on staying in the

Common Market could permit

Britain to put the roiling market

membership issue finally in its

This is not to say that the

referendum, just entered on the

calendar for some time in late

June by Prime Minister Harold

Wilson, will of itself put all anti-

market sentiment to rest. Entry

into the market, like the start of

the New Deal in the United States

in the '30s, is one of those epochal

national decisions that stirs

people to the marrow of their

political, regional, and cultural,

Nor will the outcome neces-

sarily be "decisive." Estimates

suggest that "yes" voters will

hold a slim majority. Such a

majority would be an improve-

ment in public opinion, which

opposed entry into the market in

1978. But it would not remove the

issue of market membership as a

subject for political maneuvering

The resort to a national referen-

dum is itself an extraordinary

experiment for the British to un-

dertake. Much like the recent

Italian referendum on divorce, the

experiment has many politicians

and students of British govern-

ment worried. It is an extra-

parliamentary device. It implies

less than full confidence in the

representative electoral process

There is apprehension over how

the referendum will be under-

and disruptive debate.

which voted for entry.

as well as economic bones.

wake.

Britons and the Common Market

After months of maneuvering, hand, although they have gone along with Dr. Kissinger, favor the International Monetary Fund recycling scheme. They do not like. all the talk about military intervention, preferring a softer posture and tone.

However, much progress has been made in recent months toward achieving agreement between the U.S. and the Common Market nations. Dr. Kissinger appears willing to yield on the matter of the participation of poor nations in an oil conference, and the need now is to keep the momentum going.

What also surfaced at the Algiers meeting is the clear determination of the OPEC nations to assure what they regard as the reasonable cost of oil. They are prepared to hold the line on oil prices - which the West can only welcome - but they would like to freeze oil prices by pegging them to an index of world inflation.

Many Western oil economists dislike such an index, which entails a host of technical problems. But the commodity-exporting nations have been agitating for such a measure for a long time and it may prove to be politically inevi-

In short, many problems have to be hammered out between producers and consumers before the world can settle back into a degree of controllable stability. It is important that they start talking.

taken - by parliamentary con-

stituencies (which could show an

elected official's vote at variance

with the majority in his district)

or by regions (which could show

Scotland, Wales, or Northern Ire-

land at odds with the United King-

dom, and heighten separatist ten-

sions), or simply by tallying the

votes without noting the affiliation

There is confusion, too, over

how to interpret the outcome.

Should the referendum be bind-

ing? That is, if the vote is against

continued membership, should the

Parliament ratify the vote by

pulling Britain out of the market?

Or should Parliament consider the

Prime Minister Wilson made

two promises when he cam-

paigned and won control of Parlia-

ment last year. The first was to

"renegotiate" the terms of mar-

ket membership and the other to

hold a referendum. By the end of

March it seems likely he will have

secured some concessions on agri-

cultural and budgetary conditions

for Britain in the market, and he

will then represent these as new

and better terms. This should help

Wilson temper the antimarket

feelings in the left wing of his own

party and improve the yes-vote

prospects in the referendum itself.

to resolve its vaciliation over join-

ing Europe. And it must attempt

to do so with what the Observer

calls "the strange, foreign de-

vice" of a referendum.

All in all, Britain now must try

referendum as only advisory?

or district they represent.

'Remember, not complete strangulation . . . iust a tight pinchy-winchy'



State of the nations

Salvaging the CIA

By Joseph C. Harsch

The Congress in Washington is now firmly, and eagerly, committed to a full-scale investigation of the Central Intelligence Agency. The idea is being expanded. The main target is CIA but the FBI will be included. This is only the beginning of what is bound to be a thorough examination of the activities since 1945 of the secret agencies of the federal government.

It is probably both timely and inevitable that this be done. The secret activities of secret investigative agencies of government have marked the period from World War II down to the present as something new and different. There have been secret services in American history before. They existed mostly during wartime. But spying on American citizens was unusual either in war or peace:

After 30 years of institutionalized big federal secret agencies it's in order to sit back, take a look at the record, consider how much of what was done was necessary, and make some fresh decisions about how much of the existing institutions should be kept and how much could be closed

Anyone coming to Washington for the first time since 1945 would probably conclude from the mere architecture of the place that perhaps the evolution of "intelligence" gathering has gotten out of hand. The Pentagon is still the biggest office building in the federal establishment, but the two next biggest new features of the capital area are the huge fortress built for J. Edgar Hoover's FBI on Pennsylvania Ave. and the CIA's outsize factory upriver from Washington on the Virginia shore. Measuring the architectural bulk, a visitor from Mars might think that war was the first activity of the American people and secret intelligence the second.

It will be easier for the layman to follow the unfolding work of the new congressional committee if he remembers that CIA consists of two different and not necessarily related activities. One part is busy analyzing intelligence, gathered mostly from public sources. It is not involved in any way in the current stream of allegations of spying on the citizenry. It has been controversial in a limited and minor way in that its estimates have sometimes been contrary to the policy line of the moment at the White House and the Pentagon. It has been independent in its thinking and one must hope that this independence in intelligence analysis is preserved. Its value would disappear overnight if its conclusions were dictated in advance from other places. Objective analysis is essential to sound public policymaking.

Real controversy swirls only around the clandestine or "covert" side of CIA. How often has this side been out of line and what should be done about it?

A fair appraisal is going to be extremely difficult. The public only hears about the failures, not the successes. In the public, and congressional, mind the clandestine side of CIA has been damaged by such follies as giving a disguise to Watergate participant E. Howard Hunt. For every stupidity like that there have been scores of unseen successes most of which would probably be applauded by most Americans if known. But the fact remains that in the public

mind the clandestine operations of the CIA are by now forever tangled with the memory of Watergate, of the Bay of Pigs, and of subversion in Chile.

It's premature for final conclusions about remedies but a forecast is permissible. The British, who are famous for their intelligence work, have always been careful to separate intelligence analysis from clandestine counterintelligence - as any devotee of James Bond well knows. There is no reason why the two activities could not be separated in Washington. Independent intelligence analysis could, and of course should, go on untouched by the current investigations. But, in the jargon of the spy community, the clandestine side of CIA "has had its cover blown." And James Bond knows the answer. You scrap anyup a new operation.

Readers write

'Gun control, 1975'

On behalf of America's 50 million law-abiding, gun-owning citizens, I protest your blatantly one-sided editorial, "Gun control, 1975."

In citing various statistics, you fail to point out that less than one-half of 1 percent of all handguns in the United States are used in the perpetration of criminal acts.

You fail to point out that legally owned handguns and firearms in general are used often by law-abiding American gun owners to prevent the perpetration of criminal acts. Would you abrogate this situation by promoting legislation making it more difficult for law-abiding citizens to obtain firearms, who, by definition, would abide by the law, while law-breaking people, who, by definition, would break the law, would obtain or make firearms for criminal purposes regardless of the law?

You refer to passage in 1968 of 'Congress's last major gun legislation" but you fail to indicate that passage of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 has apparently failed to reduce violent crime.

While you refer to Sheriff Peter Pitchess of Los Angeles County advocating further restrictive firearms legislation, you neglect to mention the opinion of law-enforcement authorities who take the opposite position.

Last year, when Sheriff John J. Buckley of Middlesex County, Mass., asked Edward M. Davis, police chief of the city of Los Angeles, Calif., to join him in forming a national organization of law-enforcement officials dedicated to strict federal gun control legislation, Davis stated; "You will never find anyone more opposed to your stand on handguns than myself."

After reminding Sheriff Buckley that the New York Sullivan Law had no effect in reducing crime there. Davis wrote, "Before we attempt to pass laws to deprive individuals of retaining their handguns, we must first try to get the judiciary to enforce the existing gun laws. This they consistently fail to do."

Measures directed against firearms per se are ludicrous, for the assump-tion behind them is that action against inanimate objects of metal and wood and sometimes plastic can produce the desirable social effect of reducing crime. In fact, all they do is penalize or inconvenience the 50 million lawabiding American citizens wno possess firearms to protect themselves from criminal activity or to participate in the sports of hunting, trap, skeet and target shooting.

John M. Snyder Citizens Committee for the Right to Keep

achievement

Campus riots may have ended, but some recent figures indicate it will be a long time before American higher education recovers from the binge of the late '60s. These figures describe 'grade inflation," one of the more vivid proofs that everything is not yet back to normal at college. A number of surveys show that straight "A"s are becoming common-place and today's 'B' means about as much as the "C" of 10 years ago. Students who really earn top grades find that their

According to a recent Time magasine article, for instance, 42 percent of all undergraduaté spring-term grades at Yale recently were As, and 46 percent of the senior class graduated with honors. At American University, 75 percent of last spring's grades were As and Bs. At Temple University, a faculty publication lists 12 departments, including traditional subjects like German and Political Science, which gave more than 60 percent of their students As or Bs. In one introductory political science class of 44 students, 40 received As. A study by a Michigan State University professor concludes that grade averages at 197 colleges have risen about

Yet no one seriously claims that. students in the last 10 years have been getting brighter. The Educational Testing Service reports that the national average on its scholastic aptitude test has been declining since the mid '60s....

When college teachers explain the grade increase, they offer reasons that make one worry about the condition of higher education. One young professor argues that the main cause is a crisis of confidence among the faculty. His colleagues, he says, no longer believe that what they are teaching is important enough to justify holding their students to rigorous standards. And it has become harder in the last five years to grade strictly.

Student-oriented reforms in the late 60s included a number of measures, graduates off the grades treadmill.

There's little to show that these

measures encouraged a true spirit of

scholarship, but they did undermine

the idea that the academic transcript

gave some dim measure of a student's

Other measures had even more

direct effect. One of these, claim

some teachers, was the increase in

student rating of professors. These

critics charge that some faculty give

high grades to curry favor, especially

since student opinion has been given

greater weight in promotion deci-

sions. These motives aside, declining

enrollment at many schools has put

additional pressure on even the most

rigorous professors. Figuring that.

budget-conscious administrations will

base their funding on course enroll-

ment, these professors fear that stern

grading would drive students to eas-

ier courses. 'People lose their jobs

because they don't have students, and

they lose students because they grade

Furthermore, schools feel obliged

to match the grade inflation else-

where, for fear that their higher

standards might unjustly penalize their students in the cut-throat com-

petition for Law School and Medical

All this inflation is largely self-

defeating, however, Deans of admis-

sions at professional schools were

quick to catch on. One reports that his

office stopped looking at grades alto-

gether, for a time, relying instead on

class rank and the standardized Law

Boards. Students are catching on, too.

"Hardly anyone takes pass-fail any-

more," one teacher tells us. "They

realize it looks bad on the transcript."

There were problems with the old

system of grading, we admit. Stu-

dents often got confused and studied

to get a somewhat arbitrary mark,

instead of to master a body of knowl-

edge. But grades were not entirely

arbitrary, and they did attempt to

show that scholarship required devo-

tion to high standards. Without these

standards, life may be temporarily

easier for both student and teacher,

but the state of learning is bound to

decline. The student has most cause

to complain he is being cheated, but in

the long run we will all lose some-

thing. - Wall Street Journal.

too hard," said one teacher.

School . . .

To the Christian Science Monitor.

It is my estimate that the article "Gun-control forces say U.S. is ready to restrict weapons," published in the Monitor, is an attempt on your part to moid public opinion, rather than to relate and report news as should be your responsibility, without bias. I, for one, strongly resent such

articles, since I am well aware of my responsibility as a citizen and very well make my own decisions without opinion prompting by the news media. I call to your attention one of our

amendments to the Constitution, the one relating to alcoholic beverages. which was a complete disaster in many ways, too numerous to relate in this short letter.

during World War II, the occupied countries and areas and their peoples found no great difficulty in making, stealing, and obtaining firearms of all descriptions. Britain, with its firearms controls, found itself destitute of means to defend the home front and requested assistance from the United States in the form of any type of firearm that would function for this

referred to, you are in fact alerting people that controls may be in the offing and they had better be prepared - one way or the other. Further, that the Monitor regards

When will people stop politics and attend to common sense and a realization that each of us has a definite responsibility as a citizen to obey the

It would be a better idea to pursue the situation regarding law enforcement, the courts, and the rest of our judicial apparatus, as they now apply to our daily living conditions. All are

Great Falls, Mont.

Letters expressing readers' views are welcome. Each receives editorial consideration though only a selection can be published and none individually acknowledged. All are subject to condensation.

New chapter in Thailand

The free and open elections in Thailand Sunday - where a plethora of 42 political parties scrambled for seats in a newly elected House of Representatives - offers a marked contrast to the drift toward instability and authoritarianism in much of Southeast Asia and the Indian subcontinent. While a new authoritarian one-party rule has just been established in Bangladesh, India faces the specter of growing political violence, and there is a real question about the long-range survival of South Vietnam and Cambodia, the Thais have taken a meaningful step toward a popular broadening of their representative govern-

What seems most intriguing, as initial returns filter in, is the large number of parties that appear to be represented in the new assembly. But whether that means that the new professional, managerial and technological class which has arisen in the past decade in Thailand will be adequately included in the government is the key question for the moment.

Not to heed the demand for a popular enlargement of power would only invite long-range dangers for Thailand. While the prosperous Thais have fortunately escaped many of the severe economic and political challenges of several of their neighbors, this demand has been growing since the toppling of the former military government in October, 1973. The interim government of outgoing Premier Sanya Dharmasakti, in which the monarchy, bureaucracy, and business interests have played prime roles, has properly recognized that urgency.

To its credit, Mr. Sanya's government has led the way for many progressive reforms in Thai political and economic life, including land reform, an increase in the minimum wage, and, perhaps most importantly, a sense of steadiness - of a firm but fair hand at the helm during a period of transition.

That very movement for reform - coupled with this new election - offers a hopeful new chapter for Thailand.

Mirror of opinion

Grade inflation

marks have less meaning and value.

half a letter on the average since 1960.

like pass-fall options, "honors" programs of independent study or nonacademic work, and ungraded courses, designed to get under-

more, it is my opinion that illegal handgum use will not end until the criminal is not forced into using handguns to defend himself against Rev. Kenneth Mann, DD Fear of violent crime is a major motivating factor in urban people's

mugger mad — he might kill you for Forest Hills, N.Y. John M. Turner

I also wish to remind you that

By printing such articles as above such legislation as desirable.

Golden Rule?

in need of changes.

Robert E. Englert, DDS